ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA ORCUTT, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2008

DATE RECEIVED:



AUDIT REVIEW #(s) 05081
Assigned To: Mount
Date Reviewed: 8/20/09
Reviewer's Initials:
Date Review(s) Completed: 8/20109

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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PARTNERS RONALD A LEVY, CPA CRIAG A HARTZHEIM, CPA HADLEY Y HUI, CPA

802 EAST MAIN SANTA MARIA, CA 93454 TEL: 805.925.2579 FAX: 805.925.2147 www.mlhcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Orcutt Union School District Orcutt, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orcutt Union School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The lack of certain internal control procedures and supporting records of the student body fund limits us from expressing an independent auditors' opinion on recorded transactions of the statement of fiduciary net assets.

In our opinion, except for the effects of any adjustments that might have resulted had we been able to audit the student body fund, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orcutt Union School District at June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in note 1 of the notes to basic financial statements effective July 1, 2007, the Orcutt Union School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 14, and the budgetary information on page 37, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 8, 2008, on our consideration of the Orcutt Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Orcutt Union School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements schedules, and statistical information listed in the table of contents, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Orcutt Union School District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

MOSS, LEVY & HARTZHEIM LLP

Moss, Leng & Hartzheim LLP

December 8, 2008

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

This section of the financial report provides discussion and analysis of Orcutt Union School District's financial performance with an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued in June 1999; GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments; Omnibus, an amendment to GASB Statements No. 21 and No 34, issued in June 2001, and; GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, issued in 2001.

Certain comparative information between the current year (FY08) and the prior year (FY07) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2007-2008 fiscal year include the following:

- Total net assets for the District are \$25,670,708. This is an increase of 5.82% from prior fiscal year.
- Contract negotiations were settled with 2% on the salary schedule as well as increased health and welfare benefits of 6.5% increase over prior fiscal year.
- > Student enrollment decreased by 143 students from October of 2006 to October of 2007.
- The District completed approximately \$900,000 in capital improvements. The largest of these was the Orcutt Jr. High School entrance and hardcourt playfields which was funded by deferred maintenance, special reserve fund for capital outlay projects, and school site budgets.
- > The District maintains the State required minimum reserve for economic uncertainty which is calculated at 3% of general fund expenditures and other financing uses.

ENROLLMENT

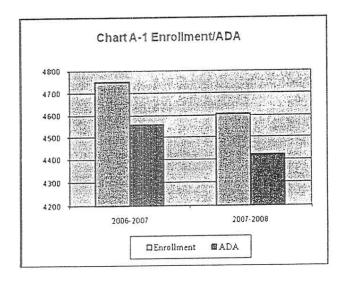
The number of students served is the basis for most revenues that flow into the District. The most consistent measurement of enrollment by school districts in California is the enrollment count in October of each year. The count in October, as mandated by the State, is utilized to give districts consistent numbers for a year-to-year analysis. This enrollment is called CSIS (California School Information Services, previously known as CBEDS.) Although the October CSIS is the first solid indicator of enrollment for the year, the District's largest source of revenue in any fiscal year is based on P-2 ADA. This is the second period of Average Daily Attendance which is the average student attendance between July 1 and April 15. The District receives money only on those

students who actually attend school. Annual ADA is calculated at year-end and adjustments are made in the subsequent year. The percentage of Enrollment to ADA for both current fiscal year and prior fiscal year is 96%.

COMPARISONS:

In 2007-2008, the District decreased enrollment by 143 students however, due to a hold harmless provision to fund the same as prior fiscal year, the District realized one time revenues of approximately \$ 757,000. Starting in fiscal year 2002-2003, the District started losing ADA due to declining enrollment. In fiscal year 2003-2004, the District experienced the first major decline in enrollment of 66 students. In fiscal year 2004-2005, the District continued to further decline by 262 students. Overall, since 2002-03, the District has declined by 429 students. The decline is attributed to the high cost of housing in addition to changing demographics. Also during those years, the District did not accept many inter-district transfers. In 2005-2006, the District increased by 38 students due to inter-district transfers from neighboring districts and was able to maintain enrollment numbers through those transfers. Those transfers are no longer being allowed by the neighboring district.

Total Revenue Limit Sources in fiscal year 2007-2008, increased 4.11 %. Total revenues for the District increased by 1.75%. This is primarily due to increases in revenue limit and one time revenue limit appropriations due to declining enrollment.



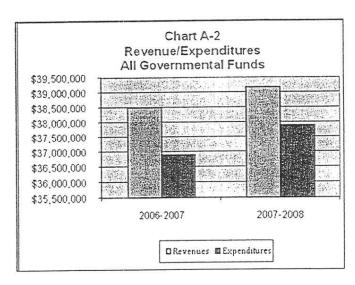


Table A-1

COMPARISON OF ALL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES:

Governmental Revenues	Fiscal Year 2006-07	Fiscal Year 2007-08	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Revenue Limit Sources:			
State Apportionment	16,156,438	16,841,487	4.24%
Local Source	8,651,146	8,986,608	3.88%
Total Revenue Limit Sources	24,807,584	25,828,095	4.11%
Federal	1,618,749	1,865,656	15.25%
Other State	7,655,029	6,813,880	(10.99%)
Other Local	4,418,595	4,666,750	5.62%
Total Revenues	\$38,499,957	39,174,381	1.75%

Table A-2

COMPARISON OF ALL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES:

Governmental Activities	Fiscal Year 2006-07	Fiscal Year 2007-08	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Instruction	21,770,626	22,338,460	2.61%
Instruction Related Services:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Supervision of instruction	1,006,223	1,060,568	5.40%
Instructional library, media			THE SELECTION OF THE
and technology	861,647	1,144,629	32.84%
School site administration	2,180,086	2,218,362	1.76%
Pupil Services:			
Home to school transportation	726,853	801,498	10.27%
Food services	1,207,110	1,278,660	5.93%
All other pupil services	920,352	1,082,869	17.66%
General Administration:			
All other general			
administration	1,643,458	1,702,287	3.58%
Plant Services	4,571,595	4,174,120	(8.69%)
Ancillary Services	30,227	34,038	12.61%
Community Services	893,868	966,574	8.13%
Interest and principal/long term			
debt	1,075,201	1,089,034	1.29%
Total	36,887,246	37,891,099	2.72%

The Districts overall expenditures increased by 2.72% in fiscal year 2007-2008. Most functions increased due to increased negotiated contracts, however additional increases accounted for the following: Technology increases accounted for one time money spent on technology for classrooms, transportation increases were due to increased fuel costs, ancillary increased due to increased athletic stipends, pupil services increases were due to increased counselor support.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. This annual report is comprised of three components: 1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), 2) the basic financial statements, and 3) supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Short and long-term financial information about the activities of the District that operate like businesses (self-insurance funds) are provided in the proprietary funds statements.
 - o *Fiduciary funds* statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Management's
Discussion and
Analysis

District-Wide
Financial
Statements

Basic Financial
Information

Required
Supplementary
Information

Notes to basic
Financial Statements

SUMMARYDETAIL

Figure A-1 Organization of Orcutt School District's Annual Financial Report

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including a portion of the District's activities covered and the types of information contained.

Figure A-2 Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Type of Statements	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District, except fiduciary activities	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities of the District that operate like a business, such as self-insurance funds	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities 	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the fiscal year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; The District's funds do not currently contain non-financial assets, though they can	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; The District's funds do not currently contain non-financial assets, though they can

Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the fiscal year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the fiscal year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the fiscal year	All revenues and expenses during the fiscal year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the fiscal year, regardless of when cash is received or paid
		or soon thereafter		

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

District-Wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net assets are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.
- In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are categorized as *Governmental Activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.

 The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (i.e. repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (i.e. Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flows in and out and (2) the balances left at fiscal year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationships (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the retiree fund and student body funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the District-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the District-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* including the budgetary schedules for the major funds and the notes to the budgetary schedules.

Results of the federally mandated *Single Audit*, which includes auditors' opinion, schedule of federal awards and schedules of findings and questioned costs, are also included in this section.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's net assets were \$25,670,708 as of June 30, 2008.

Net Assets. The District's net assets is shown in Table A-3. The increase in net assets is shown in Table A-4

Table A-3	Governmental Activities
	2008
Current and other assets	\$ 12,166,116
Capital assets, net	28,594,109
Total assets	\$ 40,760,225
Long-term debt outstanding	14,082,725
Other liabilities	1,006,792
Total liabilities	\$15,089,517
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for capital projects Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	15,165,871 2,460,871 840,078 7,203,888
Total net assets	\$ 25,670,708
Table A-4	Governmental Activities
Total Revenues	\$ 39,174,381
Total Expenses	37,762,712
Increase in net assets	\$ 1,411,669

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed this fiscal year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balances of \$10,960,883. This is an increase of 5.82% over last fiscal year. The District's General Fund had more revenues than expenditures in 2008.

Below in table A-5 is a list of all the various District's fund balances at the end of fiscal year 2006-2007, as well as fiscal year 2007-2008. The changes between the fiscal years are also listed.

Table A-5

Ending Fund Balances Fiscal year 2006-2007 and 2007-2008

	Ending Balances At June 30, 2007	Ending Balances At June 30, 2008	Changes Increase (Decrease)
General Fund- 01	\$4,153,198	\$4,396,457	243,259
Cafeteria Fund 13	787,911	799,074	11,163
Deferred Maint. Fund 14	570,437	561,482	(8,955)
Special Reserve Postretirement Benefits Fund 20	529,570	1,049,656	520,086
Capital Facilities Fund 25	1,982,966	2,460,870	477,904
Special Reserve-Capital Projects Fund 40	591,729	592,288	559
Bond Interest &			
Redemption Fund 51	1,061,790	1,101,056	39,266
TOTAL	\$9,677,601	\$10,960,883	\$1,283,282

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the fiscal year, the District revised the annual operating budget several times. The major budget amendments fall into these categories:

- Revenues increases to account for categorical programs and school donations
- Salaries and benefits costs salaries and benefits were increased to account for approved negotiated agreements and changes in personnel and health benefits

 Non-Capital expenses - increased to re-budget carryover funds and revise operational cost estimates.

While the District's final budget for the general fund anticipated revenues would fall short of expenditures by about \$1.8 million, the actual results for the fiscal year show that revenues actually exceeded expenditures by approximately \$1 million. Actual revenues were approximately \$500,000 more than anticipated due to a mandated cost payment, but expenditures were \$2.3 million less than budgeted. That amount consists primarily of restricted categorical program dollars that were budgeted but not received nor spent as of June 30, 2008. They will be carried over into the 2008-09 budgets. In addition, schools typically carry over unrestricted balances that are budgeted in the first interim reporting period. Shortly after the Governor signed the 2007-2008 State budget, Districts were advised to hold off spending anything that wasn't necessary due to State revenues not meeting expectations. The State was projecting further deteriorating economic conditions affecting the State budget and in December, the Governor had declared a fiscal emergency. This contributed to the District utilizing a very conservative approach to expenditures in the 2007-2008 fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2007-08 the District had invested approximately \$29 million in capital assets. Total depreciation expenses for the year were \$1,076,766.

Table A-6	Governmental Activities	
Capital Assets at Fiscal Year- End, net of accumulated depreciation		
-	2008	
Land	\$ 1,864,100	
Site improvements & Buildings Machinery and Equipment	26,087,754	
	642,255	
Total	\$ 28,594,109	

Long-Term Debt

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$14.5 million in general obligation bonds, other long term-debt, and capital leases—a decrease of 3.13% from last fiscal year—as shown in Table A-7. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to basic financial statements.)

Table A-7

Outstanding	Long-Term	Debt
at Fiscal Vea		

2007		2008
\$14,320,000 218,736		\$13,955,000 195,068
417,643 60,000		351,443 45,000
\$ 15,016,379	\$	14,546,511
\$	\$14,320,000 218,736 417,643 60,000	\$14,320,000 218,736 417,643 60,000

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Changing demographics continues to change the face of education in California, thereby affecting Orcutt as we all struggle with the long term projected trend of declining enrollment within our population. Over half of the District's in California are in decline at this time. Live birth rate data for the Orcutt District suggests increases in the future, however increased costs of housing contributes to a decline of young families in the area for the short term. While affordable houses are anticipated to be built, it will be many years before the District sees significant increases in enrollment. Currently, developers are holding back construction due to a change in the real estate market and an economic housing slump. The District anticipates slow growth after a decline for the next couple of years.

The District has historically accepted inter-district transfers; however neighboring Districts not experiencing the growth of past years, have changed policies to no longer release students in the future. This will affect the District in the coming years until we begin generating students from new housing. For the short term, some new housing growth will mitigate some of the decline. In the next fiscal year, the District will begin a K-12 locally funded charter school which will additionally mitigate the decline in revenues due to declining enrollment and provide an additional educational option for the children of Orcutt.

Declining enrollment has provided one time dollars to the District in the fiscal year of the student decline, however, at the turnaround point where the District starts to grow it is critical for the district to have additional dollars to accommodate the added expenditures at that time.

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the California Legislative Analyst continues to project that California's fiscal condition remains critical with significant budget shortfalls and is likely to remain so for the foreseeable future. The State structural deficit is growing exponentially. The State had been funding schools with one time money, anticipating an improved economy in the future. Money allocated to schools is at risk simply because of the pressures growing in other areas of the State budget as revenues decline and State expenditures increase due to economic factors. While it is almost certain that educational programs will be affected negatively in the future, the total impact on the finances of the District is unknown at this time.

CONTACTING DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Ms. Marysia Ochej
Assistant Superintendent of Business Services
Orcutt Union School District
500 Dyer Street
P.O. Box 2310
Orcutt, CA 93457
Telephone: 805-938-8916
Fax 805-938-8919

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

Assets	Governmental Activities
Cash in county treasury Cash on hand and in bank Revolving cash fund Accounts receivable Inventories, at cost Land	\$ 8,294,675 30,169 15,900 2,867,280 34,887
Buildings and improvements Equipment Less accumulated depreciation Deferred charges, net of accumulated	1,864,100 35,945,518 2,915,095 (12,130,604)
amortization	923,205
Total assets	40,760,225
Liabilities	
Accounts payable Interest payable	213,455 260,978
Deferred revenue Long-term liabilities: Due within one year:	68,573
General obligation bonds payable Capital lease payable Loan payable	380,000 68,786 15,000
Total due within one year	1,006,792
Due after one year: General obligation bonds payable Compensated absences payable Capital lease payable Loan payable	13,575,000 195,068 282,657 30,000
Total due after one year	14,082,725
Total liabilities	15,089,517
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	15,165,871
Capital projects Debt service Unrestricted	2,460,871 840,078
Total net assets	7,203,888 \$ 25,670,708

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			Program Revenues					
					1	Operating		Capital
				Charges for	(Grants and	G	rants and
	Expenses			Services		ntributions	Contributions	
Governmental Activities:					123			
Instruction	\$	22,338,461	\$	-9	\$	3,653,087	\$	-
Instruction-related services:								
Supervision of instruction		1,290,737				513,391		
Instructional library, media, and								
technology		892,900				347,359		
School site administration		2,194,694				26,680		
Pupil services:								
Home-to-school transportation		756,788				463,410		
Food services		1,278,660		647,359		668,172		
All other pupil services		1,082,869				314,514		
General administration:								
All other general administration		1,702,287		27,194		123,270		
Plant services		3,464,993		1,004		205,301		
Ancillary services		34,038				1,036		
Community services		966,574				275		
Interest on long-term debt		676,169						
Other outgo		6,776				16,064		
Depreciation (unallocated)	-	1,076,766			_		9 1	
Total governmental activities	\$	37,762,712	\$	675,557	\$	6,332,559	\$	-

General revenues:

Taxes and subventions:
 Taxes levied for general purposes
 Taxes levied for debt service
 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes
 Interest and investment earnings
 Interagency revenues
 Miscellaneous
Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of fiscal year Net assets, end of fiscal year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets
\$ (18,685,374)
(777,346)
(545,541) (2,168,014)
(293,378) 36,871 (768,355)
(1,551,823) (3,258,688) (33,002) (966,299) (676,169) 9,288
(1,076,766)
(30,754,596)
8,858,041 991,855
19,656,529 429,192 3,168 2,227,480 32,166,265
1,411,669
24,259,039 \$ 25,670,708

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

		General Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks Cash in Revolving Fund Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Stores Inventories Total Assets	\$ \$	2,607,445 500 15,900 2,570,080 108,656 12,489 5,315,070	\$	2,402,257 8,807 56,628 - 2,467,692	\$ 3,284,973 20,862 240,572 660,197 22,398 \$ 4,229,002	\$	8,294,675 30,169 15,900 2,867,280 768,853 34,887 12,011,764
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts Payable	\$	189,843 660,197	\$	822 6,000	\$ 22,790 102,656	\$	213,455 768,853
Due to Other Funds Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities		68,573 918,613	æ si	6,822	125,446		68,573 1,050,881
Fund Balances: Reserved Fund Balances: Reserve for Revolving Cash Reserve for Stores Inventories		15,900 12,489		-	22,398		15,900 34,887
Reserve for Legally Restricted Balance Designated Fund Balances: Designated for Economic Uncertainties Other Designated		1,200,525 1,065,858 2,076,371		2,460,870	2,980,102		1,200,525 1,065,858 7,517,343 25,314
Unreserved Unreserved, reported in nonmajor: Debt Service Fund Total Fund Balances	×.	25,314 - - 4,396,457		2,460,870	1,101,056 4,103,556	_	1,101,056 10,960,883
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	5,315,070	\$_	2,467,692	\$4,229,002	\$_	12,011,764

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 10,960,883
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulate		
Capital assets at historical cost	\$ 40,724,713	
Accumulated depreciation	12,130,604	
Net		28,594,109
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recogniz which it matures and is paid. In government-wide statement recognized in the period that it is incurred.	(260,978)	
In governmental funds, debt issue costs and loss on debt refunding expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the governmental debt issue costs and loss on refunding are amortized over the	923,205	
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities statement of net assets, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consists.	bilities, are reported	
General obligation bonds payable Capital lease payable Compensated absences payable Loan payable	\$ 13,955,000 351,443 195,068 45,000	
Total		 (14,546,511)
Total net assets - governmental activities		\$ 25,670,708

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		General Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	Oth Govern Fur	mental	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
Revenues:								
Revenue Limit Sources:		10.044.407	æ		\$		\$	16,841,487
State Apportionments	\$	16,841,487	\$	-	Ф	_	Φ	8,986,608
Local Sources		8,986,608		-		511,937		1,865,656
Federal Revenue		1,253,719		9 7 8		125,925		6,813,880
Other State Revenue		6,387,955		574,841		795,804		4,666,750
Other Local Revenue		2,296,105		574,841		33,666	2/2	39,174,381
Total Revenues		35,765,874		3/4,041	2,0	33,000	- 5	39,174,301
Expenditures:								
Instruction		22,184,708		-	1	153,752		22,338,460
Instruction - Related Services		4,416,058		-		7,501		4,423,559
Pupil Services		1,884,786			1,2	78,241		3,163,027
Ancillary Services		34,038		-		-		34,038
Community Services		966,574		-		-		966,574
General Administration		1,640,006		7,742		54,539		1,702,287
Plant Services		3,615,191		83,195	4	175,734		4,174,120
Other Outgo		6,776		-		-		6,776
Debt Service:								
Principal		66,200		-		380,000		446,200
Interest		15,135		-	6	320,923		636,058
Total Expenditures	-	34,829,472		90,937	2,9	70,690	_	37,891,099
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	-	936,402		483,904	(1	137,024)		1,283,282
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		6,000		_	f	99,143		705,143
Transfers Out		(699,143)		(6,000)		-		(705,143)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(693,143)	-	(6,000)	6	99,143	-	-
Not Change in Fund Releases		243,259		477,904	_	62,119		1,283,282
Net Change in Fund Balances		240,209		411,304		104,113		1,200,202
Fund Balances, July 1		4,153,198	٠	1,982,966		541,437		9,677,601
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	4,396,457	\$	2,460,870	\$4,1	103,556	\$	10,960,883

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,283,282
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which additions to capital outlay of \$792,776 exceeds depreciation expense \$(1,076,766) in the period.	(283,990)
In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities.	446,200
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was:	
In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the fiscal year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This fiscal year, vacation used exceeded the amounts earned by \$23,668.	593
In governmental funds, debt issue costs and loss on debt refunding are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, issue costs and loss on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt.	23,668
In governmental funds, the entire proceed from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:	(17.270)
Change in net assets - governmental activities	\$ 1,411,669

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2008

JUNE 30, 2008	Agency Fund
	Student Body Fund
ASSETS: Cash on Hand and in Banks Total Assets	\$ 10,668 10,668
LIABILITIES: Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities	10,668 10,668
NET ASSETS: Total Net Assets	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Accounting Policies</u>

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

B. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is the Orcutt Union School District. There are no component units included in this report which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. Government-wide statements differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation, with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - exchange and non-exchange transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after fiscal year end.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have also been recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditure related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The District's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District's accounts are organized into major, nonmajor, and fiduciary funds as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Facilities Fund is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under the provision of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The District maintains five nonmajor special revenue funds:

- The Charter School Fund is used to account for the activities of the District run Charter School, the Orcutt Academy.
- The Child Development Fund is used to account for resources committed to child development programs maintained by the District.
- 3. The Cafeteria Fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's cafeterias.
- The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used for the purpose of major repair or replacement of the District's property.
- 5. The Special Reserve Fund is used to set aside funds for postemployment benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and/or construction of governmental capital assets. The District maintains two nonmajor capital projects funds:

- The Special Reserve Fund is used to set aside funds for capital projects.
- The Building Fund is used to account for acquisition of major capital facilities and buildings.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The District maintains one nonmajor debt service fund.

The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used to account for general obligation bond interest and redemption of bond principal.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains one agency fund for the student body accounts. The funds are used to account for the raising and expending of money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experience of the student body.

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By State law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and District Superintendent during the fiscal year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

H. New Accounting Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 48

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues". The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2006. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for transactions in which a government receives, or is entitled to, resources in exchange for future cash flows generated by collecting specific receivables or specific future revenues. It also contains provisions that apply to certain situations in which a government does not receive resources but, nevertheless, pledges or commits future cash flows generated by collecting specific future revenues. In addition, this statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that apply to all intra-entity transfers of assets and future revenues. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an impact on the District's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 50

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27". The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2007. This Statement establishes and modifies requirements related to financial reporting by pension plans and by employers that provide defined benefit and defined contribution pensions.

I. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized.

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Santa Barbara County Treasury. The County pools these funds with those of other districts in the County and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at fair value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et. seq.. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with the Santa Barbara County Treasury was not available.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund receivables/payables.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is recorded using the purchase method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first out) or market and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure during the period purchased.

4. Amortization of Bond Expense and Bond Discounts

The cost of issuance of bonds, loss on bond refunding, and bond discount are being amortized on the straight line method over the life of the bonds on the government-wide statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are those purchased or acquired with an original costs of \$5,000 or more and are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the capital assets or materially extend the capital assets' lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

5. <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Asset Class	Examples	Estimated Useful Life in Years
Land		N/A
Site improvements	Paving, flagpoles, retaining walls, sidewalks, fencing, outdoor lighting	20
School buildings		50
Portable classrooms		25
HVAC systems	Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems	20
Roofing		20
Interior construction		25
Carpet replacement		7
Electrical/plumbing		30
Sprinkler/fire system	Fire suppression system	25
Outdoor equipment	Playground, radio towers, fuel tanks, pumps	20
Machinery and tools	Shop and maintenance equipment, tools	15
Kitchen equipment	Appliances	15
Custodial equipment	Floor scrubbers, vacuums, other	15
Science and engineering	Lab equipment, scientific apparatus	10
Furniture and accessories	Classroom and other furniture	20
Business machines	Fax, duplicating and printing equipment	10
Copiers		5
Communication equipment	Mobile, portable radios, non- computerized	10
Computer hardware	PCs, printers, network hardware	5
Computer software	Instructional, other short-term	5 to 10
Computer software	Administrative long-term	10 to 20
Audio visual equipment	Projectors, cameras (still and digital)	10
Athletic equipment	Gymnastics, football, weight machines, wrestling mats	10
Musical instruments	Pianos, strings, brass, percussion	10
ibrary books	Collections	5 to 7
licensed vehicles	Buses, other on-road vehicles	8
Contractors equipment	Major off-road vehicles, front-end loaders, large tractors, mobile air compressor	10
Grounds equipment	Mowers, tractors, attachments	15

6. <u>Deferred Revenue</u>

Cash is received for federal and state special projects and programs are recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Deferred revenue is recorded to the extent cash received on specific projects and programs exceed qualified expenditures.

7. Compensated Absences

All vacation pay plus related payroll taxes is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Accumulated employee sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as prepaid expenses and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize issuance costs during the current period.

9. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

Reservations of the ending fund balance indicate the portions of fund balance not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The Reserve for Revolving Fund and Reserve for Inventory, reflect the portions of the fund balances represented by revolving fund cash and stores inventory, respectively. These amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date.

Designations of the ending fund balance indicate tentative plans for financial resource utilization in a future period.

10. Revenue Limit/Property Tax

The District's revenue limit is received from a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources.

The County is responsible for assessing, collecting, and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values of the preceding January 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (January1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The County apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code*. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll – approximately October 1 of each fiscal year.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local revenue limit sources by the District.

The California Department of Education reduces the District's entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. The balance is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as the State Apportionment.

The District's Base Revenue Limit is the amount of general purpose tax revenue, per average daily attendance (ADA), that the District is entitled to by law. This amount is multiplied by the second period ADA to derive the District's total entitlement.

J. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the GASB and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's cash and investments at June 30, 2008, consisted of the following:

Cash and investments are presented on the accompanying basic financial statements, as follows:

Cash in County Treasury, statement of net assets \$8,294,675
Cash in revolving fund, statement of net assets 15,900
Cash on hand and in bank, statement of net assets 30,169
Cash on hand and in bank, statement of fiduciary net assets
Total cash and investments \$8,351,412

Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Santa Barbara County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$8,294,675 as of June 30, 2008). The fair value of this pool as of that date, as provided by the plan sponsor, was \$8,294,675. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in the external pool. Interest is deposited in the participating funds. The County is restricted by Government Code Section 53635, pursuant to Section 53601 to invest in time deposits, U.S. government securities, State registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements.

Cash on Hand, in Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balance on hand and in banks (\$40,837 as of June 30, 2008) and in the revolving fund (\$15,900) are insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institution is fully insured or collateralized.

Investments Authorized by the District's Investment Policy

The District's investment policy only authorizes investment in the local government investment pool administered by the County of Santa Barbara. The District's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the District's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by fiscal agents) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

Investment Type		Remaining Maturity (in Months)							
	Carrying Amount	12 Months Or Less	13-24 Months	25-60 Months	More than 60 Months				
Santa Barbara County Investment Pool	\$ 8,294,675	\$ 8,294,675	\$	\$ -	\$				
Total	\$ 8,294,675	\$ 8,294,675	\$ -	\$	\$				

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

	Carrying	Minimum Legal	Exempt From	Rating as of Fiscal Year End		
Investment Type	_Amount_	_Rating_	<u>Disclosure</u>	AAA	Aa	Not Rated
Santa Barbara County Investment Pool	\$8,294,675	N/A	\$ -	\$	\$	\$8,294,675
Total	\$8,294,675		<u>\$</u>	\$	\$	\$8,294,675

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There are no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District's investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2008, none of the District's deposits with financial institutions in excess of the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation limits were held in uncollateralized accounts.

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as Santa Barbara County Investment Pool).

NOTE 3 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District's expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any individual fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008, consist of the following:

	General Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Other emmental Funds
Federal Government: Federal programs	\$ 529,291	\$ -	\$ 179,952
State Government: Apportionment Categorical aid programs Lottery	1,243,712 338,540 299,839		14,496
Local Sources: Developer fees Reimbursements Interest Miscellaneous	68,795 53,082 36,821	37,343 19,285	 25,705 20,419
Totals	\$2,570,080	\$ 56,628	\$ 240,572

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers among governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial

Due From/Due To Other Funds

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Fund	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Major Funds: General Fund Capital Facilities Fund Nonmajor Funds:	\$ 108,656	\$ 660,197 6,000
Cafeteria Fund Child Development Fund Deferred Maintenance Fund Special Reserve Fund (Special Revenue) Charter School Fund	6,039 153,871 500,000 287	65,553 36,309 794
Totals	\$ 768,853	\$ 768,853

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Interfund transfers for the 2007-2008 fiscal year, are as follows:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Funds: General Fund Capital Facilities Fund	\$ 6,000	\$ 699,143 6,000
Nonmajor Funds: Deferred Maintenance Fund Special Reserve Fund (Special Revenue)	199,143 500,000	
Totals	\$ 705,143	\$ 705,143

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Deductions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2008
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,864,100 76,246	\$ - 533,706	\$ -	\$ - (609,952)	\$ 1,864,100
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 1,940,346	\$ 533,706	\$ -	\$ (609,952)	\$ 1,864,100
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$35,240,946 2,827,428 38,068,374	\$ 94,620 164,450 259,070	\$ - 	\$ 609,952 609,952	\$ 35,945,518 2,915,095 38,860,613
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	8,934,638 2,178,604 11,113,242	923,126 153,640 1,076,766	59,404 59,404	All market and the second seco	9,857,764 2,272,840 12,130,604
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$26,955,132	\$ (817,696)	<u>\$ 17,379</u>	\$ 609,952	\$_26,730,009
Net capital assets	\$28,895,478	<u>\$ (283,990)</u>	\$ 17,379	\$	\$ 28,594,109

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Unallocated

\$ 1,076,766

Total depreciation expense

\$ 1,076,766

NOTE 7 - BONDED DEBT

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the Orcutt Union School District at June 30, 2008, is:

Date Of <u>Issue</u>	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	Outstanding July 1, 2007	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	
1999 2001 2001 2005	4.6%-7.25% 4.8%-7.75% 4.8%-7.0% 2.5%-4.5%	2008 2008 2031 2030	\$ 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 9,710,000	\$ 105,000 195,000 4,440,000 9,580,000	\$ 105,000 95,000 105,000 60,000	\$ - 100,000 4,335,000 9,520,000
			\$ 24,710,000	\$ 14,320,000 32	\$ 365,000	\$ 13,955,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 7 - BONDED DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Fiscal <u>Year Ended June 30</u>	Principal	Interest	S.	Total
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014-2118 2119-2123 2124-2028 2029-2031	\$ 380,000 400,000 420,000 430,000 435,000 2,510,000 3,085,000 3,860,000 2,435,000	\$ 599,227 585,495 572,120 557,362 540,676 2,418,145 1,836,541 1,067,111 182,709	\$	979,227 985,495 992,120 987,362 975,676 4,928,145 4,921,541 4,927,111 2,617,709
Totals	\$13,955,000	\$ 8,359,386	\$	22,314,386

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The District is leasing real property valued at \$674,500, under an agreement which provides for title to pass upon expiration of the lease period. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30.	دم ا	se Pavment
	LCa	se r ayment
2009	\$	81,335
2010		81,335
2011		81,335
2012		81,335
2013		61,001
Total		386,341
Less amount representing interest		(34,898)
Present value of net minimum		
lease payments	\$	351,443

NOTE 9 - LOAN PAYABLE

On November 1, 2001, the District received a \$150,000 loan from the State of California Child Care Revolving Loan to improve facilities at May Grisham School. Interest rate on the loan is 0% and the District is to make annual payments of \$15,000 beginning March 1, 2002. Balance of the loan at June 30, 2008, is \$45,000. Future loan payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending _June 30,	ncipal ayment
2009	\$ 15,000
2010 2011	15,000 15,000
Total	\$ 45,000

NOTE 10 - DEFEASED DEBT

On February 24, 2005, the District defeased \$8,780,000 of the 1999 and 2001 general obligation bonds from proceeds of the 2005 general obligation bond issue. The District placed \$9,417,962 in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. The bonds are considered to be defeased and the related liability has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. The amount of bonds considered defeased at June 30, 2008, is \$4,245,000.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, is shown below:

	 alance / 1, 2007	Ac	ditions	 Deletions	Balance ne 30, 2008		e within ne Year
Compensated absences Bonds payable Capital lease Loan payable	\$ 218,736 14,320,000 417,643 60,000	\$	=	\$ 23,668 365,000 66,200 15,000	\$ 195,068 13,955,000 351,443 45,000	\$	380,000 68,786 15,000
Totals	\$ 15,016,379	\$		\$ 469,868	\$ 14,546,511	\$_	463,786

NOTE 12 - JOINT VENTURES (Joint Powers Agreements)

The Orcutt Union School District participates in three joint ventures under joint powers agreements (JPA's); the Self-Insurance Program for Employees, the Self-Insured Schools of California II, and the Self-Insured Schools of California III. The relationship between the Orcutt Union School District and the JPA's are such that none of the JPAs are a component unit of the Orcutt Union School District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs are independently accountable for their fiscal matters. The insurance groups maintain their own accounting records. Budgets are not subject to any approval other than of the respective governing boards. Member districts share surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in the JPA.

Self-Insurance Program for Employees (S.I.P.E.)

S.I.P.E. was established to provide the services and other items necessary and appropriate for the development, operation and maintenance of a self-insurance system for workers' compensation claims against the public educational agencies who are members thereof. The participants consist of the Office of the County Superintendent of Schools, school districts, and a community college. Each participant may appoint one representative to the governing board. The governing board is responsible for establishing premium rates and making budgeting decisions.

Self-Insured School of California II (S.I.S.C. II)

S.I.S.C. Il arranges for and provides property and liability insurance for its member school districts. The Orcutt Union School District pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested.

Self-Insured School of California III (S.I.S.C. III)

S.I.S.C III arranges for and provides health and welfare insurance for its member school districts. The Orcutt Union School District pays a premium commensurate with the level of health and welfare insurance provided.

Condensed financial information for the above JPA's for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was not available as of the audit report date.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

Litigation

According to the District's staff and attorney, no contingent liabilities are outstanding and no lawsuits are pending of any real financial consequence.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

The Orcutt Union School District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the STRS' annual financial report may be obtained from the STRS, 7667 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, California 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary and the Orcutt Union School District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the STRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2007-2008, was 8.25% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The Orcutt Union School District's contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$1,450,599, \$1,417,593, and \$1,332,721, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The Orcutt Union School District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary and the Orcutt Union School District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for the fiscal year 2007-2008, was 9.306% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The Orcutt Union School District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$428,436, \$401,651, and \$381,692, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

NOTE 15 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides, by resolution, an additional postemployment benefit to Length-of-Service retirees. The District pays for 100 percent of this benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the District paid \$177,397 to 29 eligible retirees.

NOTE 16 - STUDENT BODY FUNDS

The student body funds often engage in activities, which involve cash transactions. These transactions were not subject to adequate internal accounting control prior to deposits being recorded in the bank accounts.

NOTE 17 - NET ASSETS

The government-wide and fiduciary funds financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted.

Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 17 - NET ASSETS (Continued)

Restricted Net Assets – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Assets - This category represents net assets of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

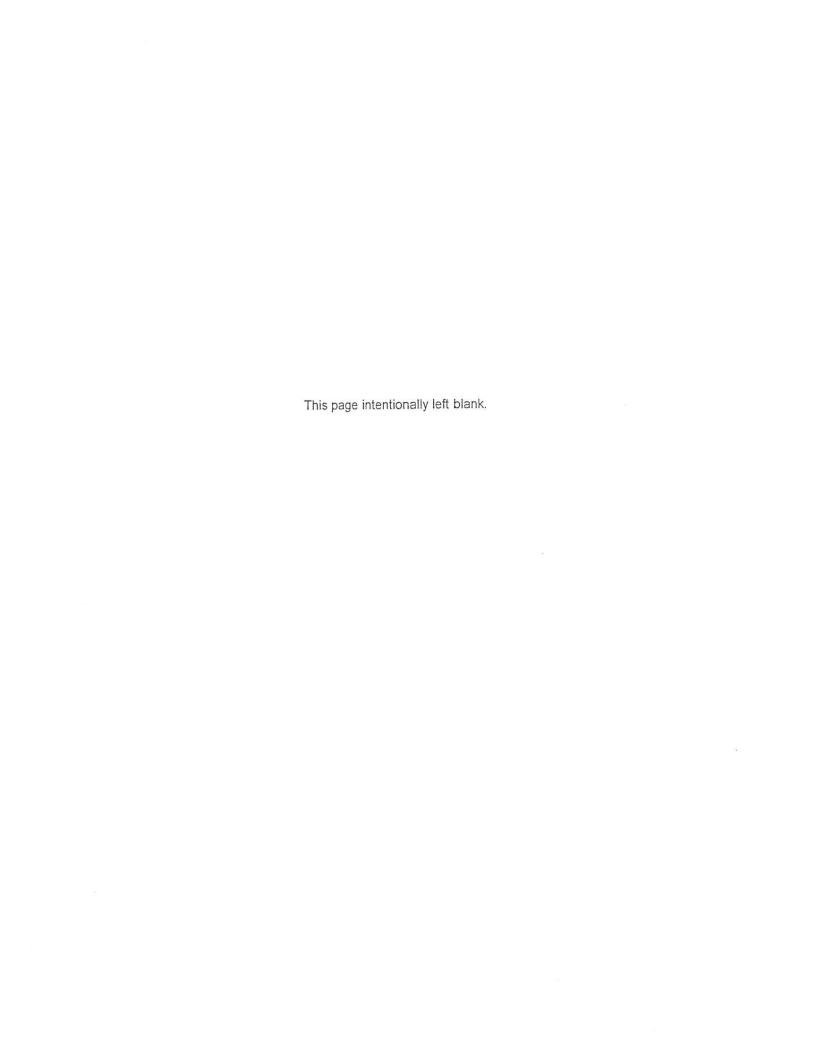
Effective July 1, 2008, the Casmalia School District was merged into the Orcutt Union School District.

The Orcutt Union School District opened the Orcutt Academy, a K-12 Charter School, pursuant to Education Code Section 47605, effective August 27, 2008. The financial activities of the Orcutt Academy Charter School are presented as a special revenue fund of the District.



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		Budgete	ed A	mounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								(33)
Revenue Limit Sources:								
State Apportionments	\$	16,777,905	\$	16,632,002	\$	16,841,487	\$	209,485
Local Sources		9,062,026		9,104,732		8,986,608		(118, 124)
Federal Revenue		1,079,643		1,285,873		1,253,719		(32,154)
Other State Revenue		5,997,915		6,197,922		6,387,955		190,033
Other Local Revenue		1,187,615		2,074,762		2,296,105		221,343
Total Revenues	· ·	34,105,104	85	35,295,291	-	35,765,874		470,583
Expenditures:								
Instruction		20,890,246		23,664,405		22,184,708		1,479,697
Instruction - Related Services		4,424,823		4,863,028		4,416,058		446,970
Pupil Services		1,704,628		1,960,366		1,884,786		75,580
Ancillary Services		35,811		50,982		34,038		16,944
Community Services		845,710		970,453		966,574		3,879
General Administration		1,803,105		1,869,845		1,640,006		229,839
Plant Services		3,450,173		3,667,448		3,615,191		52,257
Other Outgo		-		6,805		6,776		29
Debt Service:								
Principal		66,162		66,162		66,200		(38)
Interest	-	15,173		15,173		15,135		38
Total Expenditures		33,235,831	-	37,134,667	_	34,829,472		2,305,195
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		869,273	-	(1,839,376)	-	936,402		2,775,778
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		-		6,000		6,000		-
Transfers Out		(382, 337)		(699,143)		(699,143)		_
Other Uses		(22,493)		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(404,830)		(693,143)	_	(693,143)	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		464,443		(2,532,519)		243,259		2,775,778
Fund Balance, July 1		4,153,198		4,153,198		1 152 100		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	4,617,641	\$	1,620,679	¢	4,153,198	¢	2 775 770
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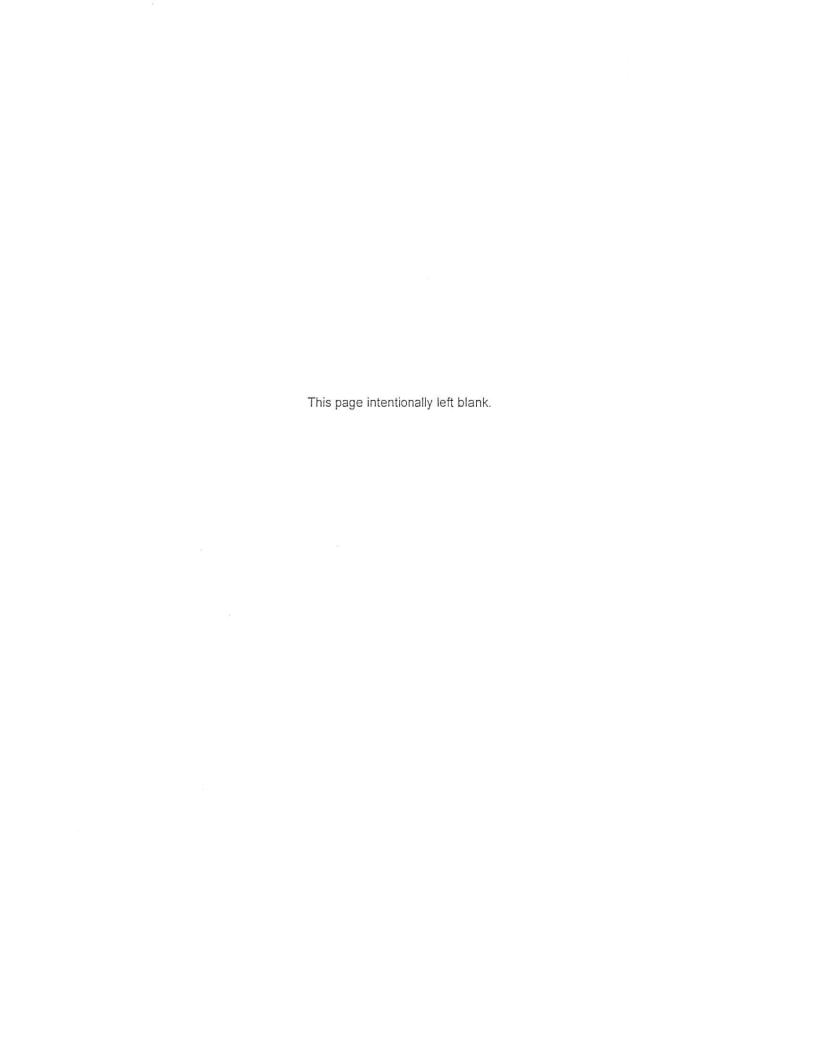
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS:		Special Revenue Funds	&	Debt Service Fund Bond Interest Redemption Fund	-	Capital Projects Funds	G	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds	\$	1,596,733 20,862 227,637 660,197	\$	1,092,976 - 8,080	\$	595,264 - 4,855	\$	3,284,973 20,862 240,572 660,197
Stores Inventories Total Assets	\$	22,398 2,527,827	\$	1,101,056	\$	600,119	\$	22,398 4,229,002
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$	14,959 102,656 117,615	\$	-	\$	7,831	\$	22,790 102,656 125,446
Fund Balances: Reserved Fund Balances: Reserve for Stores Inventories Designated Fund Balances:		22,398		-		-		22,398
Other Designated Unreserved, reported in nonmajor: Debt Service Fund Total Fund Balances	_	2,387,814		1,101,056 1,101,056		592,288 - 592,288	1 March 2 Marc	2,980,102 1,101,056 4,103,556
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,527,827	\$	1,101,056	\$	600,119	\$	4,229,002

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Special	Service Fund Bond Interest	Capital	Total Nonmajor
	Revenue	& Redemption	Projects	Governmental
	Funds	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:	Tundo			
Federal Revenue	\$ 611,937	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 611,937
Other State Revenue	409,941	15,984		425,925
Other Local Revenue	737,021	1,009,205	49,578	1,795,804
Total Revenues	1,758,899	1,025,189	49,578	2,833,666
Expenditures:				
Instruction	153,752	3		153,752
Instruction - Related Services	7,501	-		7,501
Pupil Services	1,278,241	=	-	1,278,241
General Administration	54,539	=	*	54,539
Plant Services	426,715	-	49,019	475,734
Debt Service:				
Principal	15,000	365,000	-	380,000
Interest		620,923	-	620,923
Total Expenditures	1,935,748	985,923	49,019	2,970,690
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(176,849)	39,266	559	(137,024)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	699,143	-	-	699,143
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	699,143	<u> </u>		699,143
Net Change in Fund Balances	522,294	39,266	559	562,119
Fund Balances, July 1	1,887,918	1,061,790	591,729	3,541,437
Fund Balances, June 30	\$2,410,212	\$ 1,101,056	\$592,288	\$4,103,556

Debt



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Charter School Fund	Child Development Fund
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Stores Inventories Total Assets	\$ - - 287 - - \$ 287	\$ 29,632 863 6,039 - \$ 36,534
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$ 287 - - 287	\$ 225 36,309 36,534
Fund Balances: Reserved Fund Balances: Reserve for Stores Inventories Designated Fund Balances: Other Designated Total Fund Balance	-	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$287	\$36,534

Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Special Reserve Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 603,463 20,862 220,290 22,398 \$ 867,013	\$ 418,553 - 1,913 153,871 - \$ 574,337	\$ 545,085 4,571 500,000 - \$ 1,049,656	\$ 1,596,733 20,862 227,637 660,197 22,398 \$ 2,527,827
\$ 2,386 65,553 67,939	\$ 12,061 794 12,855	\$ - - - -	\$ 14,959 102,656 117,615
22,398	-	-	22,398
776,676 799,074	561,482 561,482	1,049,656 1,049,656	2,387,814 2,410,212
\$867,013	\$574,337	\$1,049,656	\$2,527,827

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Charter School Fund	Child Development Fund
Revenues: Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$	\$ 174,126 2,127 176,253
Expenditures: Instruction Instruction - Related Services Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Debt Service: Principal Total Expenditures		153,752 7,501 - - - 15,000 176,253
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Net Change in Fund Balances		
Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30	\$	\$

Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Special Reserve Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 611,937 54,152 706,596 1,372,685	\$ - 181,663 8,212 189,875	\$ - 20,086 20,086	\$ 611,937 409,941 737,021 1,758,899
1,278,241 54,539 28,742	- - - - 397,973	B - - -	153,752 7,501 1,278,241 54,539 426,715
1,361,522	397,973	-	15,000 1,935,748
11,163	(208,098)	20,086	(176,849)
	199,143 199,143	500,000 500,000	699,143 699,143
11,163	(8,955)	520,086	522,294
787,911 \$799,074	570,437 \$561,482	529,570 \$ 1,049,656	1,887,918 \$2,410,212

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Charter School Fund	Child Development Fund
Revenues: Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ -	\$ - 174,126 2,127 176,253
Expenditures: Instruction Instruction - Related Services Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Debt Service: Principal Total Expenditures	-	153,752 7,501 - - - 15,000 176,253
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		incontractors to the
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	2	-
Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30	\$	\$

Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Special Reserve Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$ 611,937 54,152 706,596 1,372,685	\$ 181,663 8,212 189,875	\$ - 20,086 20,086	\$ 611,937 409,941 737,021 1,758,899
1,278,241 54,539 28,742	- - - - 397,973	-	153,752 7,501 1,278,241 54,539 426,715
1,361,522	397,973		15,000 1,935,748
11,163	(208,098)	20,086	(176,849)
	199,143 199,143	500,000 500,000	699,143 699,143
11,163	(8,955)	520,086	522,294
787,911 \$	\$ 570,437 \$ 561,482	529,570 \$1,049,656	1,887,918 \$ 2,410,212

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS:	ilding und	 Special Reserve Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 1	\$ 595,263	\$ 595,264
Accounts Receivable	-	4,855	4,855
Total Assets	\$ 1	\$ 600,118	\$ 600,119
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$ -	\$ 7,831 7,831	\$ 7,831 7,831
Fund Balances: Designated Fund Balances:			
Other Designated Total Fund Balances	 1 1	 592,287 592,287	 592,288 592,288
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1	\$ 600,118	\$ 600,119

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Building Fund		Special Reserve Fund	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Other Local Revenue	\$ 1	\$	49,577	\$ 49,578
Total Revenues	1	Φ	49,577	49,578
Expenditures:				
Plant Services Total Expenditures			49,019 49,019	49,019 49,019
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1		558	559
Net Change in Fund Balances	1		558	559
Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30	\$ <u>1</u>	\$	591,729 592,287	591,729 \$ 592,288

CHARTER SCHOOL FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues: Total Revenues	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
10001101000		*	·
Expenditures: Total Expenditures	1.E 116		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	poweren source (A. 17, 17, 17)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	*1		-
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$	\$	\$

CHILD DEVELOPMENT FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 171,260 9,375 180,635	\$ 174,126 2,127 176,253	\$ 2,866 (7,248) (4,382)
Expenditures: Instruction Instruction - Related Services Debt Service: Principal Total Expenditures	157,974 7,661 15,000 180,635	153,752 7,501 15,000 176,253	4,222 160 4,382
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	•0	<u> </u>	£.
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$	\$	\$ <u>-</u>

CAFETERIA FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Fin Budç	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues: Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	; 7(55,076 \$ 57,736 04,587	611,937 54,152 706,596 1,372,685	\$	56,861 (3,584) 2,009 55,286
Expenditures: Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Total Expenditures	1,38	39,669 55,934 23,774 59,377	1,278,241 54,539 28,742 1,361,522		111,428 1,395 (4,968) 107,855
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(15	51,978)	11,163		163,141
Net Change in Fund Balance	(15	51,978)	11,163		163,141
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	and the same	37,911 35,933 \$	787,911 799,074	\$	- 163,141

DEFERRED MAINTENANCE FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 194,921 15,000 209,921	\$ 181,663 8,212 189,875	\$ (13,258) (6,788) (20,046)
Expenditures: Plant Services Total Expenditures	935,973 935,973	397,973 397,973	538,000 538,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(726,052)	(208,098)	517,954
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	199,143 199,143	199,143 199,143	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(526,909)	(8,955)	517,954
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 570,437 \$ 43,528	\$570,437 \$561,482	\$ 517,954

SPECIAL RESERVE FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Other Local Revenue	\$ 20,500	\$ 20,086	\$ (414)
Total Revenues	20,500	20,086	(414)
Expenditures: Total Expenditures			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	20,500	20,086	(414)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500,000 500,000	500,000 500,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	520,500	520,086	(414)
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	529,570 \$ 1,050,070	529,570 \$ 1,049,656	\$ (414)
i uliu balance, sune so	Ψ 1,000,010	1,040,000	Ψ

BOND INTEREST AND REDEMPTION FUND DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other State Revenue	\$ 15,705	\$ 15,984	\$ 279
Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	1,000,939 1,016,644	1,009,205 1,025,189	8,266 8,545
Expenditures: Debt Service:			
Principal Interest Total Expenditures	365,000 640,983 1,005,983	365,000 620,923 985,923	20,060 20,060
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	10,661	39,266	28,605
Net Change in Fund Balance	10,661	39,266	28,605
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	1,061,790 \$ 1,072,451	1,061,790 \$1,101,056	\$ 28,605

BUILDING FUND
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ <u>-</u>	\$1 1	\$1
Expenditures: Total Expenditures		-	-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1	1
Net Change in Fund Balance	*	Ĭ	1
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$	\$1	\$1

SPECIAL RESERVE FUND FOR CAPITAL OUTLAY PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 25,000	\$ 49,577	\$ 24,577
	25,000	49,577	24,577
Expenditures: Plant Services Total Expenditures	143,629	49,019	94,610
	143,629	49,019	94,610
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(118,629)	558	119,187
Net Change in Fund Balance	(118,629)	558	119,187
Fund Balance, July 1	591,729	591,729	\$ <u>119,187</u>
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 473,100	\$592,287	

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION JUNE 30, 2008

During the fiscal year, the District has eight elementary schools with grades kindergarten through eighth.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Name	Office	Term Expires
Janet Zilli	President	2008
Kathleen Meissner	Clerk	2008
Rob Buchanan	Member	2010
Robert Hatch	Member	2010
Dr. James Peterson	Member	2010

ADMINISTRATION

Sharon McHolland, Ed. D. District Superintendent

Kenneth Parker, Ed. D. Associate Superintendent, Instructional Services

Marysia Ochej Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Jan Yanagisako Assistant Superintendent, Personnel

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Elementary

	Second Period Report	Annual <u>Report</u>
Elementary		
Kindergarten	423.66	424.24
Grades one through three	1,326.21	1,327.07
Grades four through six	1,534.17	1,537.99
Grades seven and eight	1,046.50	1,047.53
Special education	85.03	84.44
Home or hospital	1.20	90
Elementary totals	4,416.77	4,422.17
¥	Hou	urs of
Supplemental Instructional Hours		ndance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

54.688

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Grade Level	1982-83 Actual Minutes	1986-87 Minutes Requirement	2007-2008 Actual Minutes	Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	31,500	36,000	36,200	181	In compliance
Grade 1	42,875	50,400	50,740	181	In compliance
Grade 2	42,875	50,400	50,740	181	In compliance
Grade 3	42,875	50,400	50,740	181	In compliance
Grade 4	54,425	54,000	54,643	181	In compliance
Grade 5	54,425	54,000	54,643	181	In compliance
Grade 6	54,425	54,000	54,643	181	In compliance
Grade 7	54,425	54,000	56,809	181	In compliance
Grade 8	54,425	54,000	57,820	181	In compliance

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 minutes requirement, whichever is greater by Education Code Section 46201.

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentive for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206.

SCHEDULE OF EXCESS SICK LEAVE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The following disclosure is made for excess sick leave as the term is defined in subdivision (c) of Education Code Section 22170.5:

Titles of Employees Exhibiting Excess Sick Leave	Is Excess Sick Leave Authorized By Employee's Contract?	Was Excess Sick Leave Found To Be Accrued For Employee?	Contract Authorizing Excess Sick Leave	Is Excess Sick Leave Authorized In Teachers' Contract?
Superintendent	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Principal	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

General Fund	(Budget) 2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenues and other financial sources	\$ 33,037,759	\$ 35,771,874	\$ 35,375,695	\$ 31,739,735
Expenditures	32,959,721	34,829,472	33,438,867	31,768,208
Other uses and transfers out	199,433	699,143	1,053,066	1,043,644
Total outgo	33,159,154	<u>35,528,615</u>	34,491,933	32,811,852
Change in fund balance	(121,395)	243,259	883,762	(1,072,117)
Ending fund balance	\$ 4,275,062	\$ 4,396,457	\$ 4.153,198	\$ 3,269,436
Available reserves	\$ 3,023,803	\$ 3,167,453	\$ 4,102,469	\$ 3,218,707
Designated for economic uncertainties	\$ 994,775	<u>\$ 1,065,858</u>	<u>\$ 1,034,685</u>	\$ 960,081
Undesignated fund balance	<u>\$ 25,314</u>	\$ 25,314	\$ 219,204	\$ 53,664
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo	9.1%	8.9%	11.9%	9.8%
Total long-term debt	\$ 14,082,725	\$ 14,546,511	\$ 15,016,379	\$ 15,413,198
Average daily attendance at P-2	4,232	4,417	4,556	4,560

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past fiscal years' data along with current fiscal year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The General Fund balance has increased by \$1,127,021 over the past two fiscal years. The fiscal year 2008-09 budget projects a decrease of \$121,395. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserve of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred an operating surplus in two of the past three fiscal years, and anticipates a deficit during the 2008-09 fiscal year. Total long-term debt has decreased by \$866,687 over the past two fiscal years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 143 over the past two fiscal years. A decrease of 185 ADA is anticipated during the fiscal year 2008-09.

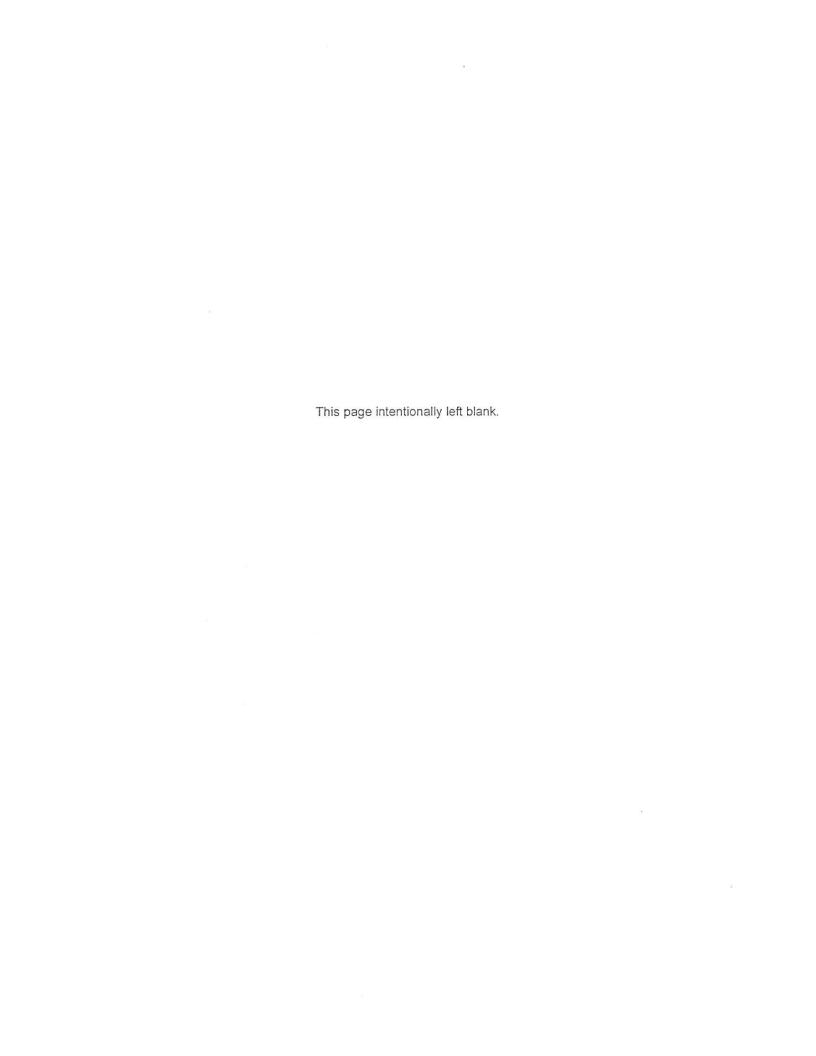
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Federal Grantor/Pass Through	Federal Catalog	=	Federal
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number		penditures
Federal Programs:			
U.S. Department of Education:			
Passed through the California			
Department of Education:			
Title I	84.010	\$	232,770
Title V	84.298	Ψ	4,597
Safe and Drug Free Schools	04.230		4,597
and Communities	84.186		18,465
Special Education	84.027		677,997
English Language Acquisition	84.365		41,576
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367		115,241
Enhancing Education Through	04.307		115,241
Technology	84.318		9,779
Charter School Grant	84.282		153,294
orialist outloor orall	04.202		155,294
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,253,719
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Passed through the California			
Department of Education:			
National School Lunch	10.555		537,780
National School Breakfast	10.553		74,157
			1 1,101
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			611,937
Total expenditures of federal awards		\$	1,865,656
		-	

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Orcutt Union School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.



ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

	_	General Fund	Deferred aintenance Fund	9 <u></u>	Cafeteria Fund
June 30, 2008, Annual Financial and Budget Report Fund Balances	\$	4,396,457	\$ 561,482	\$	802,390
Overstatement of cash in bank					(3,316)
June 30, 2008, Audited Financial Statements Fund Balances	\$	4,396,457	\$ 561,482	\$	799,074

	-	Long-Term Debt
June 30, 2008 Annual Financial and Budget Report Total Liabilities	\$	14,546,511
June 30, 2008, Audited Financial Statements Long-Term Debt	\$	14,546,511

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds and the total liabilities as reported on the annual financial and budget report to the audited financial statements.

Capital Facilities Fund	Child Development Fund	(Capital Projects) Special Reserve Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	(Special Revenue) Special Reserve Fund
\$ 2,460,870	\$ -	\$ 592,287	\$ 1	\$ 1,101,056	\$ 1,049,656
\$ 2,460,870	\$ -	\$ 592,287	\$ 1	\$ 1,101,056	\$ 1,049,656

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AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Orcutt Union School District Orcutt, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orcutt Union School District (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Orcutt Union School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2008. In our report, our opinion was qualified because of the lack of certain internal control procedures and supporting records for the fiduciary fund. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we described in the Findings and Recommendations Section of this report. We did not audit Orcutt Union School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, State Controller's Office, Department of Finance, and the Department of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MOSS, LEVY & HARTHZEIM LLP

Moss, Leng & Springteen RAN

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AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Orcutt Union School District Orcutt, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orcutt Union School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Orcutt Union School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2008. In our report, our opinion was qualified because of the lack of certain internal control procedures and supporting records for the fiduciary fund. Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial and compliance audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Education Audit Appeals Panel's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The District's management is responsible for the District's compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Description	Procedures in Panel's <u>Audit Guide</u>	Procedures Performed
Attendance accounting:		
Attendance reporting	8	Yes
Kindergarten continuation	8 3	Yes
Independent study	23	No (see next page)
Continuation education	10	Not applicable
Adult education	9	Not applicable
Regional occupational centers/programs	6	Not applicable
Incentive for longer instructional day:		
School districts	6 3	Yes
County offices of education	3	Not applicable
Gann limit calculation	1	Yes
Early retirement incentive program	4	Not applicable
Community day schools	9	Not applicable
Morgan-Hart class size reduction	7	Not applicable

	Procedures	Dunneduna
	in Panel's	Procedures Performed
Description	Audit Guide	Periorineu
Mathematics and Reading Professional Development	4	Not applicable
Classroom teacher salaries	1	Yes
Class size reduction:		25
General requirements	7	Yes
Option one classes	3	Yes
Option two classes	4	Not applicable
Only one school serving K-3	4	Not applicable
Instructional materials fund:		
General requirements	12	Yes
K-8	1	Yes
9-12	1	Not applicable
Office of Criminal Justice Planning		Not applicable
Ratios of administrative employees to teachers	1	Yes
School construction funds:		
School district bonds	3	Yes
State school facilities funds	1	Not applicable
Proposition 20 lottery funds (Cardenas Textbook Act		***
Of 2000)	2	Yes
California school age families education		The best for the CHIP condition
(Cal-Safe) program	3	Not applicable
State lottery funds (California State Lottery Act of 198-	4) 2	Yes
School accountability report card	3	Yes
Contemporaneous records of attendance, for charter	2	22 2 22
schools	1	Not applicable
Nonclassroom-based instruction independent study,		
for charter schools	15	Not applicable
Mode of instruction, for charter schools	1	Not applicable
Determination of funding for nonclassroom-based	0	NI-6
instruction, for charter schools	3	Not applicable
Annual instructional minutes – classroom based,		
for charter schools	3	Not applicable
Excess sick leave	3	Yes
Notice to elect California State Teachers' Retirement	2	V
System (CalSTRS) membership	1	Yes
After school education and safety program:	, i	K1 / P 11
General requirements	4	Not applicable
After school	4	Not applicable
Before school	5	Not applicable

We did not perform testing for independent study because the independent study ADA was under the level which requires testing.

Based on our audit, we found that, for the items tested, the Orcutt Union School District complied with the State laws and regulations referred to above, except as described in the Findings and Recommendations Section of this report. We did not audit Orcutt Union School District's responses, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them. Further, based on our examination, for the items not tested, nothing came to our attention to indicate that the Orcutt Union School District had not complied with the State laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, State Controller's Office, Department of Finance, and Department of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MOSS, LEVY & HARTHZEIM LLP

Moss, Leng & Hartzheim LLP

December 8, 2008

PARTNERS RONALD A LEVY, CPA CRIAG A HARTZHEIM, CPA HADLEY Y HUI, CPA

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AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Trustees Orcutt Union School District Orcutt, California

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Orcutt Union School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Orcutt Union School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of audit findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Orcutt Union School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Orcutt Union School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Orcutt Union School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide legal determination on the Orcutt Union School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Orcutt Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Orcutt Union School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Orcutt Union School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Orcutt Union School District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

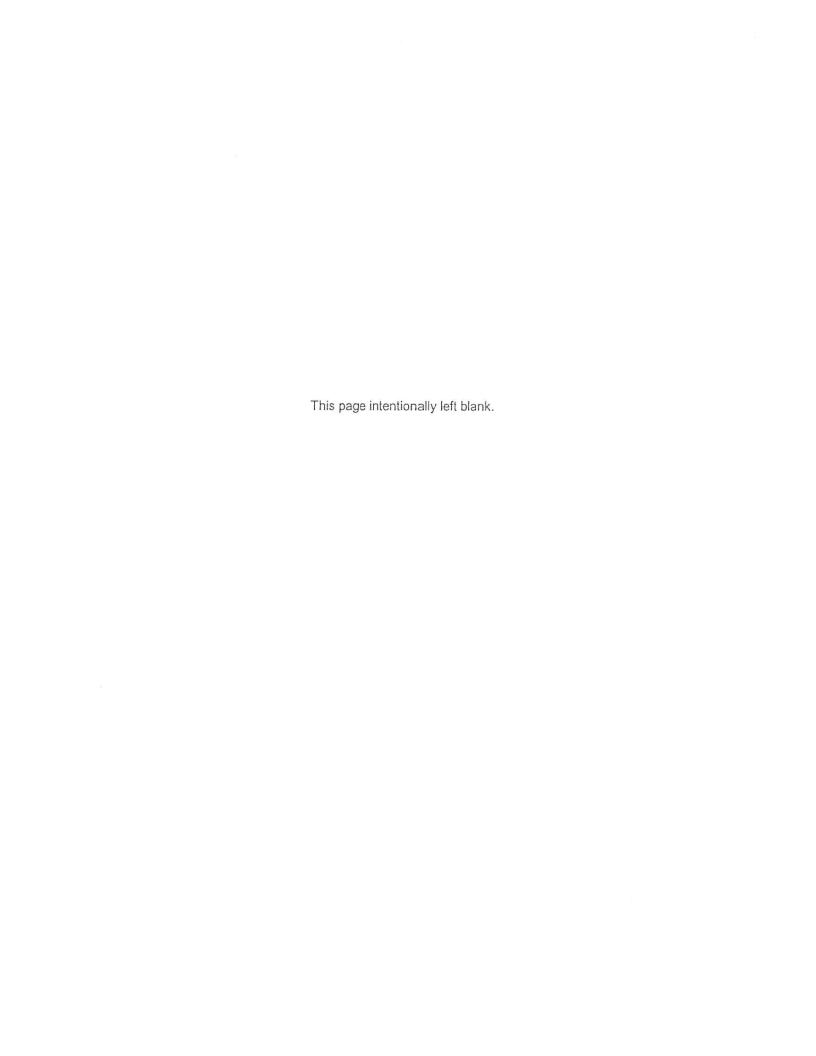
Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above

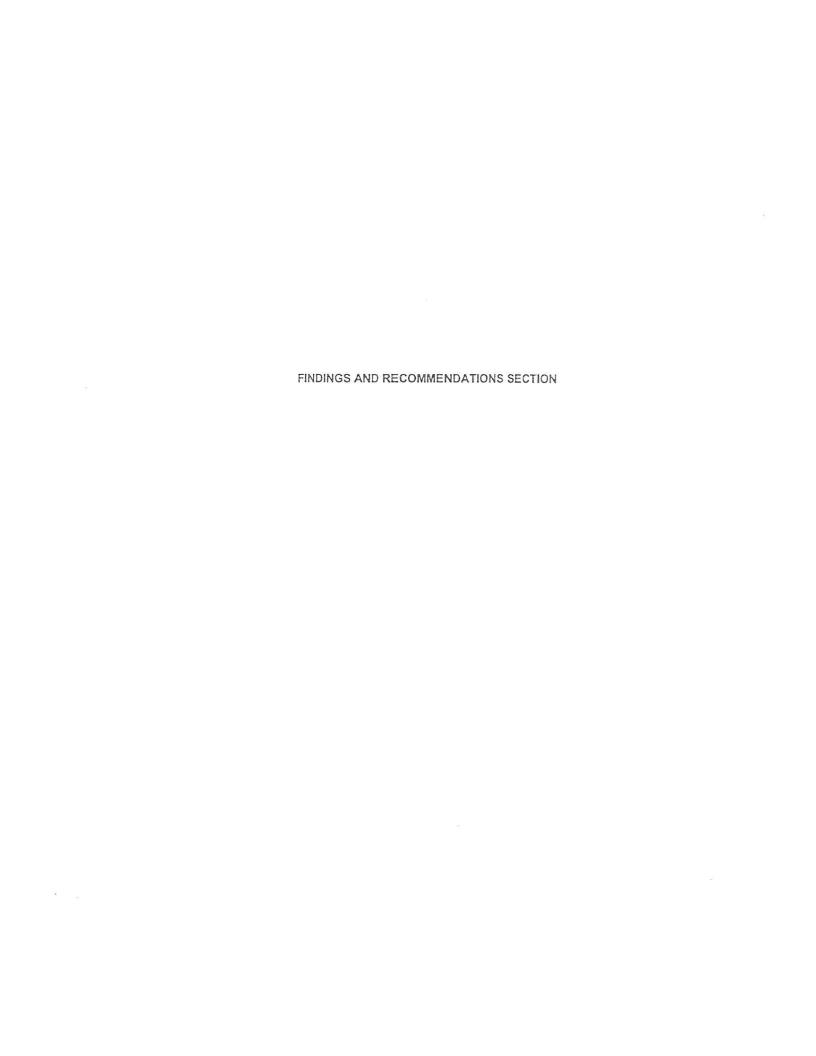
This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, State Controller's Office, Department of Finance, Department of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MOSS, LEVY & HARTHZEIM LLP

Moss, Leny & Hartzheim LLP

December 8, 2008





Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for

state programs:

Financial Statements Qualified Type of auditor's report issued Internal control over financial reporting: X No Yes Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered None reported Yes to be material weaknesses? X No Yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: No Yes X Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered None reported Yes X to be material weaknesses? Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for Unqualified major programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Yes No Section .510 (a) Identification of major programs Name of Federal Program or Cluster CFDA Number (s) Special Education 84.027 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A \$300,000 and Type B programs: X_Yes No Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee: State Awards Internal control over state programs: No Yes X Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered None reported Yes to be material weaknesses?

Qualified

Section II - Financial Statements Findings

FINDING 2008-1 PAYROLL 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed one instance of an employee's personnel action form not retained.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should retain a copy of the personnel action form.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

A copy of the personnel action form is retained for each employee in the Payroll Office and the original personnel action form is retained in the Human Resources Department.

FINDING 2008-2 GENERAL RECEIPTS – FUNDRAISING-YEARBOOK SALES LAKEVIEW 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed instances of insufficient documentation. The documentation consists of an "Audit Requirement form" which details money collected. There is no documentation of the number of items, tickets, etc., sold.

RECOMMENDATION:

Appropriate documentation for fundraising functions should include a reconciliation of items sold to monies collected.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The District is revising sample forms for school sites to use when reconciling items sold to monies collected for fundraising activities and will provide training to school site personnel on acceptable documentation of items sold.

FINDING 2008-3 FUNDRAISING - ASB CARD SALES ORCUTT JUNIOR HIGH 30000

FINDING:

Records concerning ASB Card Sales were incomplete. We were unable to determine and reconcile the number of cards sold to money collected.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should improve the internal control structure concerning the student body fundraising activities.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The District has created sample forms for school site use when reconciling items sold to monies collected for fundraising activities. School site ASB advisors have attended training sponsored by FCMAT on Associated Student Body activities.

FINDING 2008-4 CAFETERIA RECEIPTS 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed that employees with cash collection duties also have the ability to void transactions within mealtime.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should improve the internal control structure concerning the cafeteria receipts activities.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The Child Nutrition Accounting Clerk will run a report and reconciliation on all voided transactions on a monthly basis.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no Federal award findings and questioned costs.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

FINDING 2008-5 ATTENDANCE 10000

CRITERIA:

The attendance system (IST) used at the beginning of month five was not approved by the California Department of Education.

QUESTIONED COSTS:

\$0

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should have an attendance system approved by the State prior to implementing a new system.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The District's attendance system (IST) was officially approved by the California Department of Education on May 19, 2008.

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2008

FINDING 2008-6 ATTENDANCE ALICE SHAW 10000

CRITERIA:

Monthly summaries should reconcile to the data origination documentation.

CONDITION:

Site attendance from months one to four could not be verified to the origination documentation.

EFFECT:

Unknown

CAUSE:

Daily attendance was manually recorded daily by each teacher during the first four attendance months. Upon having the ability to input daily attendance into the new computerized attendance system (IST), the site input months one through four using the manually recorded daily attendance forms. The site later disposed of the original documentation for the first four months. IST was technically not fully operational until attendance month five; therefore, the manual attendance forms take precedence during the first four attendance months as original documentation. As a result, the inputted data could not be verified.

QUESTIONED COSTS:

Unknown. If all ADA was disallowed for the first four months for Alice Shaw (with the assumption of zero ADA): (592.20 @ \$5,542.65 per ADA)(4MO/10MO) equals \$1,312,943.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should retain all original attendance documentation.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

Teachers at Alice Shaw School verified their manual input before office personnel entered the information into the IST attendance system. Alice Shaw School personnel checked the absences entered against those that were done manually before disposing of the manual forms, thus school personnel feel confident that the data entry was done correctly. Because they were sure of the input for those first four months, and because month five and beyond were kept electronically, school personnel did not think the manual forms needed to be kept and without checking with district administration, disposed of the manual forms.

As Alice Shaw School has been accurate from years past, the district feels that their electronic input is accurate. Previous years ADA and Enrollment for Alice Shaw School as compared to the 2007/08 school year is as follows:

Year	Enrollment	ADA	Percent of Enrollment to ADA
2003/04	595	571.68	96.10
2004/05	577	553.19	95.87
2005/06	603	576.69	95.64
2006/07	601	574.66	95.62
2007/08	609	582.57	95.66

With the above information being within acceptable parameters from year to year, and correct reports generated by the IST system, the District's administration has confidence that the ADA reported for Alice Shaw School is accurate.

The District's attendance system (IST) has now been fully implemented and attendance is being tracked through the attendance system and no longer completed manually. The District continues to provide training and assistance to all personnel involved in attendance. However, the District has again instructed all departments not to dispose of original documentation unless expressly authorized by administrative personnel.

FINDING 2008-7 ATTENDANCE LAKEVIEW JUNIOR HIGH 10000

CRITERIA:

Monthly summaries should reconcile to the data origination documentation.

CONDITION:

One instance where the monthly summary had a student marked absent, but all period teachers had the student present for the same day.

EFFECT:

None. We expanded our detailed testing and found no other inconsistencies and the above finding appears to have been an isolated instance.

CAUSE:

Upon conversation with District staff, the student was ill the previous day and it appeared that the site had erroneously marked the student absent an additional day in the system.

QUESTIONED COSTS:

\$0

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should take additional care in reconciling monthly attendance summaries to teacher attendance sheets.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The District is cautious and thorough in reconciling monthly attendance summaries to teacher attendance sheets. The District provides training to personnel involved with attendance on the importance of accurate attendance reporting.

Section II - Financial Statements Findings

FINDING 2007-1 INVENTORY 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed that the warehouse inventory list was not retained.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should retain a copy of the fiscal year end inventory list.

STATUS:

Implemented

FINDING 2007-2 GENERAL RECEIPTS – FUNDRAISING JOE NIGHTENGALE 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed one instance of insufficient documentation. The documentation consists of an "Audit Requirement form" which details money collected. There is no documentation of items sold.

RECOMMENDATION:

Appropriate documentation for fundraising functions should include a reconciliation of items sold to monies collected.

STATUS:

Implemented

FINDING 2007-3 CAFETERIA RECEIPTS 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed daily deposits occasionally differ from the expected counts generated from "Meal Time". Per conversation with cafeteria staff, due to the volume of students being served at one time, cash over/short results from either forgetting to collect money or not returning the appropriate amount of change due.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should improve the internal control structure concerning the cafeteria receipts activities.

STATUS:

Not Implemented. See current fiscal year finding 2008-4.

FINDING 2007-4 STUDENT BODY RECEIPTS 30000

FINDING:

Records concerning student body fundraising activities were incomplete at both student bodies.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should improve the internal control structure concerning the student body fundraising activities.

STATUS:

Not Implemented. See current fiscal year finding 2008-5.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no Federal award findings and questioned costs.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no State award findings and questioned costs.

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF SANTA BARBARA ORCUTT, CALIFORNIA

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2008

DATE RECEIVED:



AUDIT REVIEW #(s) 05081
Assigned To: Mount
Date Reviewed: 8/20/09
Reviewer's Initials:
Date Review(s) Completed: 8/20109

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PARTNERS RONALD A LEVY, CPA CRIAG A HARTZHEIM, CPA HADLEY Y HUI. CPA

802 EAST MAIN SANTA MARIA, CA 93454 TEL: 805.925.2579 FAX: 805.925.2147 www.mlhcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Trustees Orcutt Union School District Orcutt, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orcutt Union School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

The lack of certain internal control procedures and supporting records of the student body fund limits us from expressing an independent auditors' opinion on recorded transactions of the statement of fiduciary net assets.

In our opinion, except for the effects of any adjustments that might have resulted had we been able to audit the student body fund, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orcutt Union School District at June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in note 1 of the notes to basic financial statements effective July 1, 2007, the Orcutt Union School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues and Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures — an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 14, and the budgetary information on page 37, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, consisting principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated December 8, 2008, on our consideration of the Orcutt Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Orcutt Union School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements schedules, and statistical information listed in the table of contents, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which is required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Orcutt Union School District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

MOSS, LEVY & HARTZHEIM LLP

Moss, Leng & Hartzheim LAP

December 8, 2008

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Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

This section of the financial report provides discussion and analysis of Orcutt Union School District's financial performance with an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued in June 1999; GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments; Omnibus, an amendment to GASB Statements No. 21 and No 34, issued in June 2001, and; GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, issued in 2001.

Certain comparative information between the current year (FY08) and the prior year (FY07) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2007-2008 fiscal year include the following:

- > Total net assets for the District are \$25,670,708. This is an increase of 5.82% from prior fiscal year.
- Contract negotiations were settled with 2% on the salary schedule as well as increased health and welfare benefits of 6.5% increase over prior fiscal year.
- > Student enrollment decreased by 143 students from October of 2006 to October of 2007.
- ➤ The District completed approximately \$900,000 in capital improvements. The largest of these was the Orcutt Jr. High School entrance and hardcourt playfields which was funded by deferred maintenance, special reserve fund for capital outlay projects, and school site budgets.
- > The District maintains the State required minimum reserve for economic uncertainty which is calculated at 3% of general fund expenditures and other financing uses.

ENROLLMENT

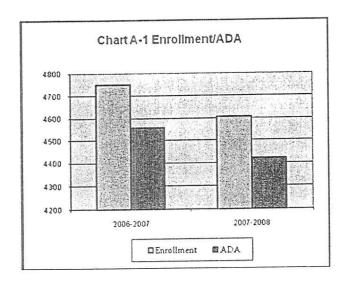
The number of students served is the basis for most revenues that flow into the District. The most consistent measurement of enrollment by school districts in California is the enrollment count in October of each year. The count in October, as mandated by the State, is utilized to give districts consistent numbers for a year-to-year analysis. This enrollment is called CSIS (California School Information Services, previously known as CBEDS.) Although the October CSIS is the first solid indicator of enrollment for the year, the District's largest source of revenue in any fiscal year is based on P-2 ADA. This is the second period of Average Daily Attendance which is the average student attendance between July 1 and April 15. The District receives money only on those

students who actually attend school. Annual ADA is calculated at year-end and adjustments are made in the subsequent year. The percentage of Enrollment to ADA for both current fiscal year and prior fiscal year is 96%.

COMPARISONS:

In 2007-2008, the District decreased enrollment by 143 students however, due to a hold harmless provision to fund the same as prior fiscal year, the District realized one time revenues of approximately \$ 757,000. Starting in fiscal year 2002-2003, the District started losing ADA due to declining enrollment. In fiscal year 2003-2004, the District experienced the first major decline in enrollment of 66 students. In fiscal year 2004-2005, the District continued to further decline by 262 students. Overall, since 2002-03, the District has declined by 429 students. The decline is attributed to the high cost of housing in addition to changing demographics. Also during those years, the District did not accept many inter-district transfers. In 2005-2006, the District increased by 38 students due to inter-district transfers from neighboring districts and was able to maintain enrollment numbers through those transfers. Those transfers are no longer being allowed by the neighboring district.

Total Revenue Limit Sources in fiscal year 2007-2008, increased 4.11 %. Total revenues for the District increased by 1.75%. This is primarily due to increases in revenue limit and one time revenue limit appropriations due to declining enrollment.



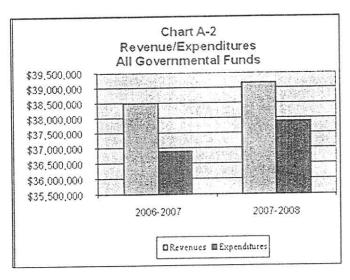




Table A-1

COMPARISON OF ALL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES:

Governmental Revenues	Fiscal Year 2006-07	Fiscal Year 2007-08	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Revenue Limit Sources:			
State Apportionment	16,156,438	16,841,487	4.24%
Local Source	8,651,146	8,986,608	3.88%
Total Revenue Limit Sources	24,807,584	25,828,095	4.11%
Federal	1,618,749	1,865,656	15.25%
Other State	7,655,029	6,813,880	(10.99%)
Other Local	4,418,595	4,666,750	5.62%
Total Revenues	\$38,499,957	39,174,381	1.75%

Table A-2

COMPARISON OF ALL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES:

Governmental Activities	Fiscal Year 2006-07	Fiscal Year 2007-08	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Instruction	21,770,626	22,338,460	2.61%
Instruction Related Services:	Actions about #First through the Buddle and the con-		2.0170
Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media	1,006,223	1,060,568	5.40%
and technology	861,647	1,144,629	32.84%
School site administration	2,180,086	2,218,362	1.76%
Pupil Services:	8 6 22	-,-10,002	1.7070
Home to school transportation	726,853	801,498	10.27%
Food services	1,207,110	1,278,660	5.93%
All other pupil services	920,352	1,082,869	17.66%
General Administration:		ess #eob and the d # backers (#eas	17.0070
All other general			
administration	1,643,458	1,702,287	3.58%
Plant Services	4,571,595	4,174,120	(8.69%)
Ancillary Services	30,227	34,038	12.61%
Community Services	893,868	966,574	8.13%
Interest and principal/long term		- 1 /4 8 8	0.1070
debt	1,075,201	1,089,034	1.29%
Total	36,887,246	37,891,099	2.72%

		•

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

The Districts overall expenditures increased by 2.72% in fiscal year 2007-2008. Most functions increased due to increased negotiated contracts, however additional increases accounted for the following: Technology increases accounted for one time money spent on technology for classrooms, transportation increases were due to increased fuel costs, ancillary increased due to increased athletic stipends, pupil services increases were due to increased counselor support.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. This annual report is comprised of three components: 1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), 2) the basic financial statements, and 3) supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts
 of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide
 statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Short and long-term financial information about the activities of the District that operate like businesses (self-insurance funds) are provided in the proprietary funds statements.
 - o Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1 Organization of Orcutt School District's Annual Financial Report

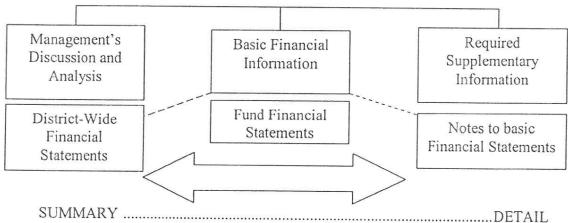


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including a portion of the District's activities covered and the types of information contained.

Figure A-2 Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Type of Statements	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District, except fiduciary activities	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities of the District that operate like a business, such as self-insurance funds	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities 	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, & Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the fiscal year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; The District's funds do not currently contain non-financial assets, though they can	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term; The District's funds do not currently contain non-financial assets, though they can

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the fiscal year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the fiscal year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the fiscal year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the fiscal year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during the fiscal year, regardless of when cash is received or paid
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The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

District-Wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide statements report the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net assets are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.
- In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are categorized as *Governmental Activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and state formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

 The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (i.e. repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (i.e. Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flows in and out and (2) the balances left at fiscal year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explains the relationships (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the retiree fund and student body funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the District-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the District-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* including the budgetary schedules for the major funds and the notes to the budgetary schedules.

Results of the federally mandated *Single Audit*, which includes auditors' opinion, schedule of federal awards and schedules of findings and questioned costs, are also included in this section.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's net assets were \$25,670,708 as of June 30, 2008.

Net Assets. The District's net assets is shown in Table A-3. The increase in net assets is shown in Table A-4

T	ab	10	A-3	
	41)	IL		

T HINTE TE O	Governmental Activities
	2008
Current and other assets	\$ 12,166,116
Capital assets, net	28,594,109
Total assets	\$ 40,760,225
Long-term debt outstanding	14,082,725
Other liabilities	1,006,792
Total liabilities	\$15,089,517
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for capital projects Restricted for debt service Unrestricted Total net assets	15,165,871 2,460,871 840,078 7,203,888 \$ 25,670,708
Table A-4	Governmental Activities
	2008
Total Revenues	\$ 39,174,381
Total Expenses	37,762,712
Increase in net assets	\$ 1,411,669

v			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed this fiscal year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balances of \$10,960,883. This is an increase of 5.82% over last fiscal year. The District's General Fund had more revenues than expenditures in 2008.

Below in table A-5 is a list of all the various District's fund balances at the end of fiscal year 2006-2007, as well as fiscal year 2007-2008. The changes between the fiscal years are also listed.

Ending Fund Balances Fiscal year 2006-2007 and 2007-2008

	Ending Balances At June 30, 2007	Ending Balances At June 30, 2008	Changes Increase (Decrease)
General Fund- 01	\$4,153,198	\$4,396,457	243,259
Cafeteria Fund 13	787,911	799,074	11,163
Deferred Maint. Fund 14	570,437	561,482	(8,955)
Special Reserve Postretirement Benefits Fund 20	529,570	1,049,656	520,086
Capital Facilities Fund 25	1,982,966	2,460,870	477,904
Special Reserve-Capital Projects Fund 40	591,729	592,288	559
Bond Interest &		372,200	339
Redemption Fund 51	1,061,790	1,101,056	39,266
TOTAL	\$9,677,601	\$10,960,883	\$1,283,282

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Table A-5

Over the course of the fiscal year, the District revised the annual operating budget several times. The major budget amendments fall into these categories:

- Revenues increases to account for categorical programs and school donations
- Salaries and benefits costs salaries and benefits were increased to account for approved negotiated agreements and changes in personnel and health benefits

Non-Capital expenses - increased to re-budget carryover funds and revise operational cost estimates.

While the District's final budget for the general fund anticipated revenues would fall short of expenditures by about \$1.8 million, the actual results for the fiscal year show that revenues actually exceeded expenditures by approximately \$1 million. Actual revenues were approximately \$500,000 more than anticipated due to a mandated cost payment, but expenditures were \$2.3 million less than budgeted. That amount consists primarily of restricted categorical program dollars that were budgeted but not received nor spent as of June 30, 2008. They will be carried over into the 2008-09 budgets. In addition, schools typically carry over unrestricted balances that are budgeted in the first interim reporting period. Shortly after the Governor signed the 2007-2008 State budget, Districts were advised to hold off spending anything that wasn't necessary due to State revenues not meeting expectations. The State was projecting further deteriorating economic conditions affecting the State budget and in December, the Governor had declared a fiscal emergency. This contributed to the District utilizing a very conservative approach to expenditures in the 2007-2008 fiscal year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2007-08 the District had invested approximately \$29 million in capital assets. Total depreciation expenses for the year were \$1,076,766.

Table A-6	Governmental Activities
Capital Assets at Fiscal Year- End, net of accumulated depreciation	
_	2008
Land	\$ 1,864,100
Site improvements & Buildings	26,087,754
Machinery and Equipment	642,255
Total	\$ 28,594,109

Long-Term Debt

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$14.5 million in general obligation bonds, other long term-debt, and capital leases—a decrease of 3.13% from last fiscal year—as shown in Table A-7. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to basic financial statements.)

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Table A-7

Outstanding Long-Term Debt at Fiscal Year-End

	2007	2008
General obligation bonds	\$14,320,000	\$13,955,000
Compensated absences payable	218,736	195,068
Capital leases	417,643	351,443
Other general long term debt	60,000	45,000
Total	\$ 15,016,379	\$ 14,546,511

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

Changing demographics continues to change the face of education in California, thereby affecting Orcutt as we all struggle with the long term projected trend of declining enrollment within our population. Over half of the District's in California are in decline at this time. Live birth rate data for the Orcutt District suggests increases in the future, however increased costs of housing contributes to a decline of young families in the area for the short term. While affordable houses are anticipated to be built, it will be many years before the District sees significant increases in enrollment. Currently, developers are holding back construction due to a change in the real estate market and an economic housing slump. The District anticipates slow growth after a decline for the next couple of years.

The District has historically accepted inter-district transfers; however neighboring Districts not experiencing the growth of past years, have changed policies to no longer release students in the future. This will affect the District in the coming years until we begin generating students from new housing. For the short term, some new housing growth will mitigate some of the decline. In the next fiscal year, the District will begin a K-12 locally funded charter school which will additionally mitigate the decline in revenues due to declining enrollment and provide an additional educational option for the children of Orcutt.

Declining enrollment has provided one time dollars to the District in the fiscal year of the student decline, however, at the turnaround point where the District starts to grow it is critical for the district to have additional dollars to accommodate the added expenditures at that time.

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the California Legislative Analyst continues to project that California's fiscal condition remains critical with significant budget shortfalls and is likely to remain so for the foreseeable future. The State structural deficit is growing exponentially. The State had been funding schools with one time money, anticipating an improved economy in the future. Money allocated to schools is at risk simply because of the pressures growing in other areas of the State budget as revenues decline and State expenditures increase due to economic factors. While it is almost certain that educational programs will be affected negatively in the future, the total impact on the finances of the District is unknown at this time.

CONTACTING DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Ms. Marysia Ochej
Assistant Superintendent of Business Services
Orcutt Union School District
500 Dyer Street
P.O. Box 2310
Orcutt, CA 93457
Telephone: 805-938-8916
Fax 805-938-8919

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2008

Assets	Governmental Activities
Cash in county treasury Cash on hand and in bank	\$ 8,294,675 30,169
Revolving cash fund	15,900
Accounts receivable	2,867,280
Inventories, at cost	34,887
Land	1,864,100
Buildings and improvements	35,945,518
Equipment	2,915,095
Less accumulated depreciation	(12,130,604)
Deferred charges, net of accumulated amortization	-
amoruzation	923,205
Total assets	40,760,225
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	213,455
Interest payable	260,978
Deferred revenue	68,573
Long-term liabilities:	00,010
Due within one year:	
General obligation bonds payable	380,000
Capital lease payable	68,786
Loan payable	
	15,000
Total due within one year	1,006,792
Due after one year:	
General obligation bonds payable	12 575 000
Compensated absences payable	13,575,000
Capital lease payable	195,068
Loan payable	282,657
on and • on • and • and •	30,000
Total due after one year	14,082,725
Total liabilities	15,089,517
Net Assets	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	
Restricted for:	15,165,871
Capital projects	
Debt service	2,460,871
Unrestricted	840,078
Omesmicled	7,203,888
Total net assets	\$ 25,670,708

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

			Program Revenues				Ti .	
			-			Operating		Capital
			Charges for		(Grants and	Gr	ants and
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Contributions	
Governmental Activities:	-							
Instruction	\$	22,338,461	\$	-	\$	3,653,087	\$	-
Instruction-related services:								
Supervision of instruction		1,290,737				513,391		
Instructional library, media, and								
technology		892,900				347,359		
School site administration		2,194,694				26,680		
Pupil services:								
Home-to-school transportation		756,788				463,410		
Food services		1,278,660		647,359		668,172		
All other pupil services		1,082,869				314,514		
General administration:								
All other general administration		1,702,287		27,194		123,270		
Plant services		3,464,993		1,004		205,301		
Ancillary services		34,038				1,036		
Community services		966,574				275		
Interest on long-term debt		676,169						
Other outgo		6,776				16,064		
Depreciation (unallocated)		1,076,766			-		-	
Total governmental activities	\$	37,762,712	\$	675,557	\$	6,332,559	\$	¥:

General revenues:

Taxes and subventions:

Taxes levied for general purposes

Taxes levied for debt service

Federal and state aid not restricted to specific

purposes

Interest and investment earnings

Interagency revenues

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of fiscal year Net assets, end of fiscal year

1	Net (Expense)
ı	Revenue and
	Changes in
	Net Assets
\$	(18,685,374)
	(777,346)
	(545,541) (2,168,014)
	(293,378) 36,871 (768,355)
	(1,551,823) (3,258,688) (33,002) (966,299) (676,169) 9,288
	(30,754,596)
	8,858,041 991,855
	19,656,529 429,192 3,168 2,227,480 32,166,265
	32,100,203
	1,411,669
	24,259,039
	25,670,708

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	4-	General Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total Sovernmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks Cash in Revolving Fund Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Stores Inventories Total Assets	\$	2,607,445 500 15,900 2,570,080 108,656 12,489 5,315,070	\$	2,402,257 8,807 56,628 - 2,467,692	\$	3,284,973 20,862 240,572 660,197 22,398 4,229,002	\$	8,294,675 30,169 15,900 2,867,280 768,853 34,887 12,011,764
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES:	5-3-1-0 3-0-0-00	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100		100	-	1 (m)		
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities	\$	189,843 660,197 68,573 918,613	\$	822 6,000 - 6,822	\$	22,790 102,656 - 125,446	\$	213,455 768,853 68,573 1,050,881
Fund Balances: Reserved Fund Balances: Reserve for Revolving Cash Reserve for Stores Inventories		15,900 12,489		-		22,398		15,900 34,887
Reserve for Legally Restricted Balance Designated Fund Balances: Designated for Economic Uncertainties Other Designated Unreserved		1,200,525 1,065,858 2,076,371 25,314		2,460,870		2,980,102		1,200,525 1,065,858 7,517,343 25,314
Unreserved, reported in nonmajor: Debt Service Fund Total Fund Balances		4,396,457	đ Va	2,460,870		1,101,056 4,103,556	22	1,101,056 10,960,883
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	5,315,070	\$	2,467,692	\$	4,229,002	\$_	12,011,764

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS
JUNE 30, 2008

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 10,960,883
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the state all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulate	ement of net assets, ed depreciation.	
Capital assets at historical cost	\$ 40,724,713	
Accumulated depreciation	12,130,604	
Net		28,594,109
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized unwhich it matures and is paid. In government-wide statement of recognized in the period that it is incurred.	until the period in net activities, it is	(260,978)
In governmental funds, debt issue costs and loss on debt refunding a expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government- debt issue costs and loss on refunding are amortized over the lif	-wide statements	923,205
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are statement of net assets, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:	es, are reported	
General obligation bonds payable Capital lease payable Compensated absences payable Loan payable	13,955,000 351,443 195,068 45,000	
Total		 (14,546,511)
Total net assets - governmental activities	\$ 25,670,708	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Development		General Fund		Capital Facilities Fund	Other Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: Revenue Limit Sources:							
	\$	16,841,487	\$		\$ -	\$	16,841,487
State Apportionments	Ψ	8,986,608	Ψ	12	· .	4	8,986,608
Local Sources Federal Revenue		1,253,719			611,937		1,865,656
		6,387,955		_	425,925		6,813,880
Other State Revenue				574,841	1,795,804		4,666,750
Other Local Revenue		2,296,105		574,841	2,833,666	**	39,174,381
Total Revenues	-	35,765,874		5/4,041	2,033,000		35,174,301
Expenditures:							
Instruction		22,184,708		92	153,752		22,338,460
Instruction - Related Services		4,416,058		-	7,501		4,423,559
Pupil Services		1,884,786		-	1,278,241		3,163,027
Ancillary Services		34,038		-			34,038
Community Services		966,574		-	-		966,574
General Administration		1,640,006		7,742	54,539		1,702,287
Plant Services		3,615,191		83,195	475,734		4,174,120
Other Outgo		6,776		3 = 0			6,776
Debt Service:		50.500 00.000					
Principal		66,200		-	380,000		446,200
Interest		15,135		-	620,923		636,058
Total Expenditures	122	34,829,472	-	90,937	2,970,690	-	37,891,099
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		936,402		483.904	(137,024)		1,283,282
ordi (ondor) Exponditareo						-	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In		6,000		-	699,143		705,143
Transfers Out		(699,143)		(6,000)	· -		(705,143)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(693,143)	_	(6,000)	699,143	120	
Net Change in Fund Balances		243,259		477,904	562,119		1,283,282
Fund Balances, July 1		4,153,198		1,982,966	3,541,437		9,677,601
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	4,396,457	\$	2,460,870	\$ 4,103,556	\$	10,960,883
. 5.15 5 5.15.1500, 00110 00	*=	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-		1	===	ne : more and a distance

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,283,282
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which additions to capital outlay of \$792,776 exceeds depreciation expense \$(1,076,766) in the period.	(283,990)
In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities.	446,200
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was:	
In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the fiscal year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This fiscal year, vacation used exceeded the amounts earned by \$23,668.	593
In governmental funds, debt issue costs and loss on debt refunding are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, issue costs and loss on refunding are amortized over the life of the debt.	23,668
In governmental funds, the entire proceed from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:	(17,379)
Change in net assets - governmental activities	\$ 1,411,669



STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2008

JUNE 30, 2008	Agency Fund
	Student Body Fund
ASSETS: Cash on Hand and in Banks Total Assets	\$ 10,668 10,668
LIABILITIES: Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities	10,668 10,668
NET ASSETS: Total Net Assets	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. <u>Accounting Policies</u>

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

B. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is the Orcutt Union School District. There are no component units included in this report which meet the reporting entity definition criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. Government-wide statements differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation, with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - exchange and non-exchange transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after fiscal year end.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have also been recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditure related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The District's resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District's accounts are organized into major, nonmajor, and fiduciary funds as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Facilities Fund is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under the provision of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. The District maintains five nonmajor special revenue funds:

- The Charter School Fund is used to account for the activities of the District run Charter School, the Orcutt Academy.
- The Child Development Fund is used to account for resources committed to child development programs maintained by the District.
- The Cafeteria Fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's cafeterias.
- The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used for the purpose of major repair or replacement of the District's property.
- The Special Reserve Fund is used to set aside funds for postemployment benefits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and/or construction of governmental capital assets. The District maintains two nonmajor capital projects funds:

- The Special Reserve Fund is used to set aside funds for capital projects.
- The Building Fund is used to account for acquisition of major capital facilities and buildings.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. The District maintains one nonmajor debt service fund.

The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used to account for general obligation bond interest and redemption of bond principal.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains one agency fund for the student body accounts. The funds are used to account for the raising and expending of money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experience of the student body.

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By State law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and District Superintendent during the fiscal year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

H. New Accounting Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 48

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 48, "Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues". The Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2006. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for transactions in which a government receives, or is entitled to, resources in exchange for future cash flows generated by collecting specific receivables or specific future revenues. It also contains provisions that apply to certain situations in which a government does not receive resources but, nevertheless, pledges or commits future cash flows generated by collecting specific future revenues. In addition, this statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that apply to all intra-entity transfers of assets and future revenues. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 48 did not have an impact on the District's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 50

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 50, "Pension Disclosures – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27". The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2007. This Statement establishes and modifies requirements related to financial reporting by pension plans and by employers that provide defined benefit and defined contribution pensions.

I. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized.

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Santa Barbara County Treasury. The County pools these funds with those of other districts in the County and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at fair value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et. seq.. The funds maintained by the County are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with the Santa Barbara County Treasury was not available.

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as interfund receivables/payables.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventory is recorded using the purchase method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first out) or market and consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure during the period purchased.

4. Amortization of Bond Expense and Bond Discounts

The cost of issuance of bonds, loss on bond refunding, and bond discount are being amortized on the straight line method over the life of the bonds on the government-wide statements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets are those purchased or acquired with an original costs of \$5,000 or more and are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the capital assets or materially extend the capital assets' lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

5. <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Asset Class	Examples	Estimated Useful Life in Years
Land		N/A
Site improvements	Paving, flagpoles, retaining walls, sidewalks, fencing, outdoor lighting	20
School buildings	J. J. S.	50
Portable classrooms		25
HVAC systems	Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems	20
Roofing		20
Interior construction		25
Carpet replacement		7
Electrical/plumbing		30
Sprinkler/fire system	Fire suppression system	25
Outdoor equipment	Playground, radio towers, fuel tanks, pumps	20
Machinery and tools	Shop and maintenance equipment, tools	15
Kitchen equipment	Appliances	15
Custodial equipment	Floor scrubbers, vacuums, other	15
Science and engineering	Lab equipment, scientific apparatus	10
Furniture and accessories	Classroom and other furniture	20
Business machines	Fax, duplicating and printing equipment	10
Copiers		5
Communication equipment	Mobile, portable radios, non- computerized	10
Computer hardware	PCs, printers, network hardware	5
Computer software	Instructional, other short-term	5 to 10
Computer software	Administrative long-term	10 to 20
Audio visual equipment	Projectors, cameras (still and digital)	10
Athletic equipment	Gymnastics, football, weight machines, wrestling mats	10
Musical instruments	Pianos, strings, brass, percussion	10
ibrary books	Collections	5 to 7
icensed vehicles	Buses, other on-road vehicles	8
Contractors equipment	Major off-road vehicles, front-end loaders, large tractors, mobile air compressor	10
Grounds equipment	Mowers, tractors, attachments	15

6. <u>Deferred Revenue</u>

Cash is received for federal and state special projects and programs are recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Deferred revenue is recorded to the extent cash received on specific projects and programs exceed qualified expenditures.

7. Compensated Absences

All vacation pay plus related payroll taxes is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Accumulated employee sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Equity (Continued)

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond issuance costs are reported as prepaid expenses and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize issuance costs during the current period.

9. Fund Balance Reserves and Designations

Reservations of the ending fund balance indicate the portions of fund balance not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The Reserve for Revolving Fund and Reserve for Inventory, reflect the portions of the fund balances represented by revolving fund cash and stores inventory, respectively. These amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date.

Designations of the ending fund balance indicate tentative plans for financial resource utilization in a future period.

Revenue Limit/Property Tax

The District's revenue limit is received from a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources.

The County is responsible for assessing, collecting, and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values of the preceding January 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (January1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The County apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll – approximately October 1 of each fiscal year.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local revenue limit sources by the District.

The California Department of Education reduces the District's entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. The balance is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as the State Apportionment.

The District's Base Revenue Limit is the amount of general purpose tax revenue, per average daily attendance (ADA), that the District is entitled to by law. This amount is multiplied by the second period ADA to derive the District's total entitlement.

J. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as prescribed by the GASB and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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		20	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's cash and investments at June 30, 2008, consisted of the following:

Cash in banks Cash and investments with the County Treasurer	\$ 56,737 <u>8,294,675</u>
Total cash and investments	\$ 8,351,412

Cash and investments are presented on the accompanying basic financial statements, as follows:

Cash in County Treasury, statement of		
net assets	\$	8,294,675
Cash in revolving fund, statement of net assets		15.900
Cash on hand and in bank, statement of net assets		30,169
Cash on hand and in bank, statement of fiduciary net assets	_	10,668
Total cash and investments	\$_	8,351,412

Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the Santa Barbara County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$8,294,675 as of June 30, 2008). The fair value of this pool as of that date, as provided by the plan sponsor, was \$8,294,675. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in the external pool. Interest is deposited in the participating funds. The County is restricted by Government Code Section 53635, pursuant to Section 53601 to invest in time deposits, U.S. government securities, State registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements.

Cash on Hand, in Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balance on hand and in banks (\$40,837 as of June 30, 2008) and in the revolving fund (\$15,900) are insured up to \$100,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institution is fully insured or collateralized.

Investments Authorized by the District's Investment Policy

The District's investment policy only authorizes investment in the local government investment pool administered by the County of Santa Barbara. The District's investment policy does not contain any specific provisions intended to limit the District's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments (including investments held by fiscal agents) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

			Remaining M	aturity (in Months)	
Investment Type	CarryingAmount	12 Months Or Less	13-24 Months	25-60 Months	More than 60 Months
Santa Barbara County Investment Pool	\$ 8,294,675	\$ 8,294,675	\$	\$ -	\$ -
Total	\$ 8,294,675	\$ 8,294,675	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

	Carrying	Minimum Legal	Exempt From	Rating	as of Fiscal Ye	ear End
Investment Type	_Amount_	_Rating_	<u>Disclosure</u>	AAA	Aa	Not Rated
Santa Barbara County Investment Pool	\$8,294,675	N/A	\$ -	\$	\$	\$8,294,675
Total	\$8,294,675		\$	\$	\$	\$8,294,675

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There are no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total District's investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2008, none of the District's deposits with financial institutions in excess of the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation limits were held in uncollateralized accounts.

The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as Santa Barbara County Investment Pool).

NOTE 3 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District's expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any individual fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2008, consist of the following:

	General Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Othe Governm Fund	nental
Federal Government: Federal programs	\$ 529,291	\$ -	\$	179,952
State Government: Apportionment Categorical aid programs Lottery	1,243,712 338,540 299,839			14,496
Local Sources: Developer fees Reimbursements Interest Miscellaneous	68,795 53,082 36,821	37,343 19,285		25,705 20,419
Totals	\$2,570,080	\$ 56,628	\$ 2	40,572

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers among governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Due From/Due To Other Funds

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2008, are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interf Receive		nterfund Payables
Major Funds: General Fund Capital Facilities Fund Nonmajor Funds:	\$ 10	8,656	\$ 660,197 6,000
Cafeteria Fund Child Development Fund Deferred Maintenance Fund Special Reserve Fund (Special Revenue) Charter School Fund	15	6,039 3,871 0,000 287	 65,553 36,309 794
Totals	\$ 768	8 <u>.853</u>	\$ 768,853

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Interfund transfers for the 2007-2008 fiscal year, are as follows:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Funds: General Fund Capital Facilities Fund	\$ 6,000	\$ 699,143 6,000
Nonmajor Funds: Deferred Maintenance Fund Special Reserve Fund (Special Revenue)	199,143 500,000	
Totals	\$ 705,143	\$ 705,143

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, is shown below:

Control country and having decreasing	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Deductions	_Transfers_	Balance June 30, 2008
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,864,100 76,246	\$ - 533,706	\$ -	\$ - (609,952)	\$ 1,864,100
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 1,940,346	\$_533,706	\$	\$ (609,952)	\$ 1,864,100
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Total capital assets, being depreciated	\$35,240,946 2,827,428 38,068,374	\$ 94,620 <u>164,450</u> <u>259,070</u>	\$ - <u>76,783</u> <u>76,783</u>	\$ 609,952 609,952	\$ 35,945,518 <u>2,915,095</u> 38,860,613
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	8,934,638 2,178,604 11,113,242	923,126 153,640 1,076,766	59,404 59,404		9,857,764 2,272,840 12,130,604
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	\$26,955,132	\$ (817,696)	\$ 17,379	\$ 609,952	\$ 26,730,009
Net capital assets	\$28,895,478	\$ (283,990)	\$ 17,379	\$	\$ 28,594,109

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Unallocated \$ 1,076,766

Total depreciation expense \$ 1,076,766

NOTE 7 - BONDED DEBT

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt of the Orcutt Union School District at June 30, 2008, is:

Date Of Issue	Interest Rate	Maturity _ Date	:	Amount of Original Issue	utstanding	edeemed Current scal Year		Outstanding une 30, 2008
1999 2001 2001 2005	4.6%-7.25% 4.8%-7.75% 4.8%-7.0% 2.5%-4.5%	2008 2008 2031 2030	\$	5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 9,710,000	\$ 105,000 195,000 4,440,000 9,580,000	\$ 105,000 95,000 105,000 60,000	\$	100,000 4,335,000 9,520,000
			\$_	24,710,000	\$ 14,320,000	\$ 365,000	\$_	13,955,000

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 7 - BONDED DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2008, are as follows:

Fiscal <u>Year Ended June 30</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014-2118 2119-2123 2124-2028 2029-2031	\$ 380,000 400,000 420,000 430,000 435,000 2,510,000 3,085,000 3,860,000 2,435,000	\$ 599,227 585,495 572,120 557,362 540,676 2,418,145 1,836,541 1,067,111 	\$ 979,227 985,495 992,120 987,362 975,676 4,928,145 4,921,541 4,927,111
Totals	\$13,955,000	\$ 8,359,386	\$ 22,314,386

NOTE 8 - CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The District is leasing real property valued at \$674,500, under an agreement which provides for title to pass upon expiration of the lease period. Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

Fiscal		
Year Ending		
_June 30,	Lea	ase Payment
2009	\$	81,335
2010		81,335
2011		81,335
2012		81,335
2013	-	61,001
Total		386,341
Less amount representing interest	-	(34,898)
Present value of net minimum		,
lease payments	\$	351,443

NOTE 9 - LOAN PAYABLE

On November 1, 2001, the District received a \$150,000 loan from the State of California Child Care Revolving Loan to improve facilities at May Grisham School. Interest rate on the loan is 0% and the District is to make annual payments of \$15,000 beginning March 1, 2002. Balance of the loan at June 30, 2008, is \$45,000. Future loan payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending _June 30,		ncipal ayment
2009 2010	\$	15,000
2011	-	15,000 15,000
Total	\$	45,000

NOTE 10 - DEFEASED DEBT

On February 24, 2005, the District defeased \$8,780,000 of the 1999 and 2001 general obligation bonds from proceeds of the 2005 general obligation bond issue. The District placed \$9,417,962 in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the defeased bonds. The bonds are considered to be defeased and the related liability has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. The amount of bonds considered defeased at June 30, 2008, is \$4,245,000.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM DEBT - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, is shown below:

	Balance July 1, 2007	_Additions_	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due within One Year
Compensated absences Bonds payable Capital lease Loan payable	\$ 218,736 14,320,000 417,643 60,000	\$ - 	\$ 23,668 365,000 66,200 15,000	\$ 195,068 13,955,000 351,443 45,000	\$ - 380,000 68,786
Totals	<u>\$ 15,016,379</u>	\$	\$ 469,868	\$ 14,546,511	\$ 463,786

NOTE 12 - JOINT VENTURES (Joint Powers Agreements)

The Orcutt Union School District participates in three joint ventures under joint powers agreements (JPA's); the Self-Insurance Program for Employees, the Self-Insured Schools of California II, and the Self-Insured Schools of California III. The relationship between the Orcutt Union School District and the JPA's are such that none of the JPAs are a component unit of the Orcutt Union School District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs are independently accountable for their fiscal matters. The insurance groups maintain their own accounting records. Budgets are not subject to any approval other than of the respective governing boards. Member districts share surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in the JPA.

Self-Insurance Program for Employees (S.I.P.E.)

S.I.P.E. was established to provide the services and other items necessary and appropriate for the development, operation and maintenance of a self-insurance system for workers' compensation claims against the public educational agencies who are members thereof. The participants consist of the Office of the County Superintendent of Schools, school districts, and a community college. Each participant may appoint one representative to the governing board. The governing board is responsible for establishing premium rates and making budgeting decisions.

Self-Insured School of California II (S.I.S.C. II)

S.I.S.C. Il arranges for and provides property and liability insurance for its member school districts. The Orcutt Union School District pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested.

Self-Insured School of California III (S.I.S.C. III)

S.I.S.C III arranges for and provides health and welfare insurance for its member school districts. The Orcutt Union School District pays a premium commensurate with the level of health and welfare insurance provided.

Condensed financial information for the above JPA's for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, was not available as of the audit report date.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

Litigation

According to the District's staff and attorney, no contingent liabilities are outstanding and no lawsuits are pending of any real financial consequence.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 14 - EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description

The Orcutt Union School District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The Plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the STRS' annual financial report may be obtained from the STRS, 7667 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, California 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their salary and the Orcutt Union School District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the STRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2007-2008, was 8.25% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The Orcutt Union School District's contributions to STRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$1,450,599, \$1,417,593, and \$1,332,721, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The Orcutt Union School District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary and the Orcutt Union School District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for the fiscal year 2007-2008, was 9.306% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The Orcutt Union School District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2008, 2007, and 2006, were \$428,436, \$401,651, and \$381,692, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each fiscal year.

NOTE 15 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides, by resolution, an additional postemployment benefit to Length-of-Service retirees. The District pays for 100 percent of this benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, the District paid \$177,397 to 29 eligible retirees.

NOTE 16 - STUDENT BODY FUNDS

The student body funds often engage in activities, which involve cash transactions. These transactions were not subject to adequate internal accounting control prior to deposits being recorded in the bank accounts.

NOTE 17 - NET ASSETS

The government-wide and fiduciary funds financial statements utilize a net assets presentation. Net assets are categorized as invested capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted.

Invested In Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 17 - NET ASSETS (Continued)

Restricted Net Assets – This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Assets - This category represents net assets of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

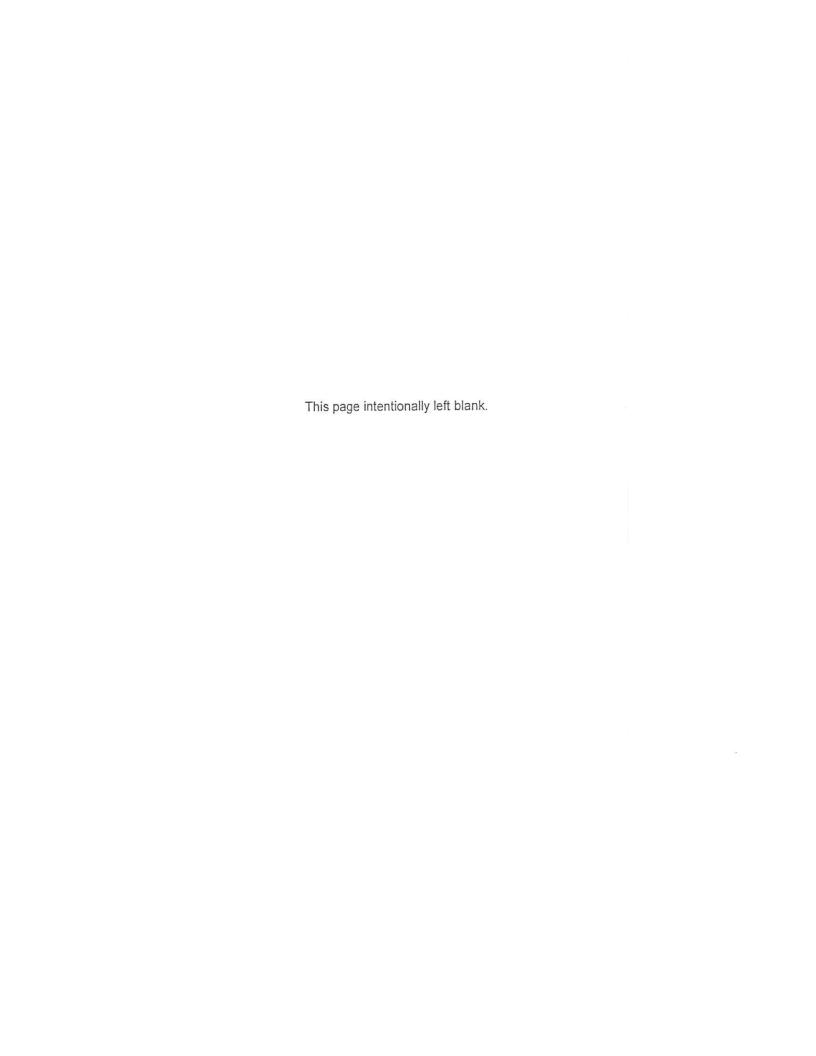
Effective July 1, 2008, the Casmalia School District was merged into the Orcutt Union School District.

The Orcutt Union School District opened the Orcutt Academy, a K-12 Charter School, pursuant to Education Code Section 47605, effective August 27, 2008. The financial activities of the Orcutt Academy Charter School are presented as a special revenue fund of the District



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

		D						Variance with Final Budget
	79	Budgete	ed Ar					Positive
Revenues:	5	Original	y 18	Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenue Limit Sources:								
State Apportionments	\$	16,777,905	¢.	10 000 000	•	10.011.107	•	
Local Sources	Φ	9,062,026	\$	16,632,002	\$	16,841,487	\$	209,485
Federal Revenue		1,079,643		9,104,732		8,986,608		(118,124)
Other State Revenue				1,285,873		1,253,719		(32,154)
Other Local Revenue		5,997,915		6,197,922		6,387,955		190,033
Total Revenues	190	1,187,615	7.50	2,074,762	127	2,296,105		221,343
Total November		34,105,104	-	35,295,291		35,765,874		470,583
Expenditures:								
Instruction		20,890,246		22 664 405		20 404 700		4 470 007
Instruction - Related Services		4,424,823		23,664,405		22,184,708		1,479,697
Pupil Services		1,704,628		4,863,028		4,416,058		446,970
Ancillary Services		35,811		1,960,366		1,884,786		75,580
Community Services		845,710		50,982		34,038		16,944
General Administration		1,803,105		970,453		966,574		3,879
Plant Services		3,450,173		1,869,845		1,640,006		229,839
Other Outgo		3,450,173		3,667,448		3,615,191		52,257
Debt Service:		-		6,805		6,776		29
Principal		00 400		00.400		122 21 212121		
Interest		66,162		66,162		66,200		(38)
Total Expenditures	140	15,173	1,727	15,173		15,135		38
- State Exportation 00	-	33,235,831	-	37,134,667	_	34,829,472		2,305,195
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		060.072		(4.000.070)		000 100		
a res (estacit) Exportancies	*(*)	869,273		(1,839,376)	-	936,402		2,775,778
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In				0.000		0.000		
Transfers Out		(382,337)		6,000		6,000		1/2
Other Uses				(699,143)		(699,143)		25.75
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(22,493)	_	(000 440)		(000 110)	-	-
retail of the Financing oddress (0365)	55.05	(404,830)	***	(693,143)		(693,143)		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		464,443		(2,532,519)		243,259		2 775 770
		101,110		(2,002,019)		243,239		2,775,778
Fund Balance, July 1		4,153,198		4,153,198		4,153,198		
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	4,617,641	\$	1,620,679	\$	4,396,457	\$	2,775,778
	T	.,011,011	¥==	1,020,013	Ψ	7,000,407	Φ_==	2,113,118





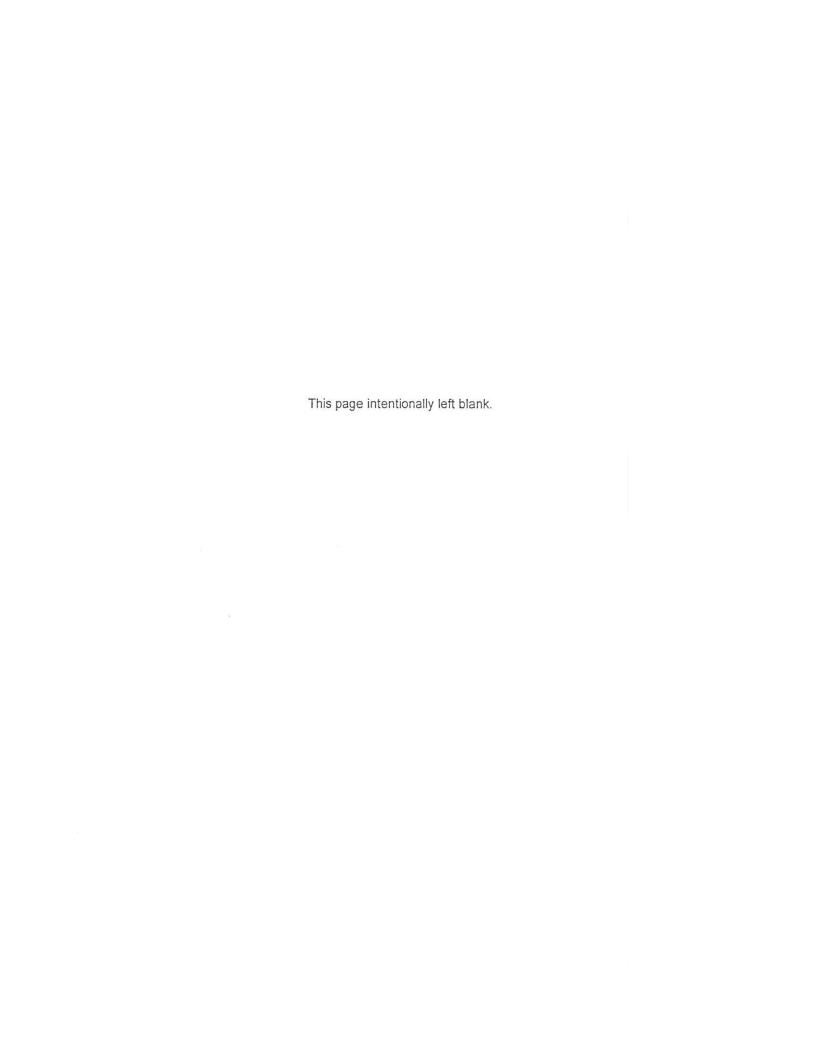
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS:	*****	Special Revenue Funds	&	Debt Service Fund Bond Interest Redemption Fund	1922	Capital Projects Funds	(Total Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds
Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks	\$	1,596,733 20,862	\$	1,092,976	\$	595,264	\$	3,284,973
Accounts Receivable		227,637		8,080		4.055		20,862
Due from Other Funds		660,197		0,000		4,855		240,572
Stores Inventories		22,398						660,197
Total Assets	\$	2,527,827	•	1,101,056	\$	600,119	•	22,398
7.513.7.15551.5	Ψ	2,321,021	Φ	1,101,030	Φ	000,119	\$	4,229,002
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	14,959	\$	=	\$	7,831	\$	22,790
Due to Other Funds	79.04	102,656		-				102,656
Total Liabilities	* ***	117,615				7,831		125,446
Fund Balances: Reserved Fund Balances:								
Reserve for Stores Inventories Designated Fund Balances:		22,398		-		-		22,398
Other Designated Unreserved, reported in nonmajor:		2,387,814		₩		592,288		2,980,102
Debt Service Fund				1,101,056				1,101,056
Total Fund Balances		2,410,212		1,101,056	-	592,288		4,103,556
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,527,827	\$	1,101,056	\$	600,119	\$	4,229,002

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Special Revenue Funds	Service Fund Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:	ruilus	1 und	1 41143	r unus
Federal Revenue	\$ 611,937	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 611,937
Other State Revenue	409,941	15.984		425,925
Other Local Revenue	737,021	1,009,205	49,578	1,795,804
Total Revenues	1,758,899	1,025,189	49,578	2,833,666
Expenditures:				
Instruction	153,752	:=:	=	153,752
Instruction - Related Services	7,501	-	÷	7,501
Pupil Services	1,278,241		-	1,278,241
General Administration	54,539	: <u>-</u> -	-	54,539
Plant Services	426,715	-	49,019	475,734
Debt Service:				
Principal	15,000	365,000		380,000
Interest	-	620,923		620,923
Total Expenditures	1,935,748	985,923	49,019	2,970,690
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(176,849)	39,266	559	(137,024)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers In	699,143			699,143
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	699,143		-	699,143
Net Change in Fund Balances	522,294	39,266	559	562,119
Fund Balances, July 1	1,887,918	1,061,790	591,729	3,541,437
Fund Balances, June 30	\$ 2,410,212	\$ 1,101,056	\$ 592,288	\$ 4,103,556

Debt



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

	Charter School Fund	Child Development Fund	
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Stores Inventories Total Assets	\$ - - 287 \$ <u>287</u>	\$ 29,632 863 6,039 \$ 36,534	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$ 287 - 287	\$ 225 36,309 36,534	
Fund Balances: Reserved Fund Balances: Reserve for Stores Inventories Designated Fund Balances: Other Designated Total Fund Balance		-	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$287	\$36,534	

Cafet Fur			Deferred intenance Fund	R	Special leserve Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
2	03,463 20,862 20,290 - 22,398	\$	418,553 - 1,913 153,871	\$	545,085 - 4,571 500,000	\$	1,596,733 20,862 227,637 660,197 22,398
\$ 86	67,013	\$	574,337	\$	1,049,656	\$	2,527,827
	2,386 65,553 67,939	\$ 	12,061 794 12,855	\$		\$	14,959 102,656 117,615
2	22,398		-		€.		22,398
	76,676 99,074	-	561,482 561,482		1,049,656 1,049,656	21.00	2,387,814 2,410,212
\$ 86	57,013	\$	574,337	\$	1,049,656	\$	2,527,827

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Charter School Fund	Child Development Fund
Revenues:		
Federal Revenue	\$ -	\$ -
Other State Revenue	-	174,126
Other Local Revenue		2,127
Total Revenues	-	176,253
Total Novellage	(a) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	1000
Expenditures:		
Instruction	18	153,752
Instruction - Related Services	:=	7,501
Pupil Services	.=	
General Administration	12	= 1
Plant Services	84	: - :
Debt Service:		
Principal	12	15,000
Total Expenditures	-	176,253
Total Experiultures	**************************************	110,200
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	-
Over (Order) Experiences		posterio i si matrico della constitución
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers In	-	, ,
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-
Total Other Financing Godices (GSCS)		to the state of th
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(= 1
Fund Balances, July 1	-	•
Fund Balances, June 30	Designation of the second seco	Φ



(Cafeteria Fund	Maint	erred enance und	R	Special leserve Fund		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	611,937 54,152 706,596 1,372,685		181,663 8,212 189,875	\$	20,086 20,086	\$	611,937 409,941 737,021 1,758,899
	1,278,241 54,539 28,742	:	- - - 397,973		-		153,752 7,501 1,278,241 54,539 426,715
	1,361,522	-	397,973				15,000 1,935,748
***************************************	11,163	(2	208,098)	int increase	20,086		(176,849)
			99,143 99,143		500,000 500,000	The state of the s	699,143 699,143
	11,163		(8,955)		520,086		522,294
\$	787,911 799,074		70,437 61,482	\$1	529,570 1,049,656	\$	1,887,918 2,410,212

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Charter School Fund	Child Development Fund
Revenues: Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue	\$ -	\$ - 174,126 2,127
Total Revenues Expenditures:	* ***	176,253
Instruction Instruction - Related Services Pupil Services		153,752 7,501
General Administration Plant Services Debt Service:	-	-
Principal Total Expenditures	2 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	15,000 176,253
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		and additional restrictions.
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	- 12. (COMPANY)
Net Change in Fund Balances	5-25 5-63	
Fund Balances, July 1 Fund Balances, June 30	\$	\$

	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Special Reserve Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
\$	611,937	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 611,937
	54,152	181,663	**************************************	409,941
	706,596	8,212	20,086	737,021
9.000	1,372,685	189,875	20,086	1,758,899
	-			452.752
	_			153,752
	1,278,241	2		7,501
	54,539	_	= · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,278,241
	28,742	397,973	_	54,539
		007,070	-	426,715
-	-	RE-		15,000
-	1,361,522	397,973		1,935,748
-	11,163	(208,098)	20,086	(176,849)
		199,143	500,000	699,143
****	-	199,143	500,000	699,143
	11,163	(8,955)	520,086	522,294
	787,911	570,437	529,570	1,887,918
\$	799,074	\$ 561,482	\$1,049,656	\$ 2,410,212
****		***	1,010,000	Ψ

		N.	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2008

ASSETS:		llding und	 Special Reserve Fund		Total lonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Cash in County Treasury	\$	1	\$ 595,263	\$	595,264
Accounts Receivable		-	4,855	2.50	4,855
Total Assets	\$	1	\$ 600,118	\$	600,119
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$		\$ 7,831 7,831	\$	7,831 7,831
Fund Balances: Designated Fund Balances:					
Other Designated		1	592,287		E02 200
Total Fund Balances	The second second		 592,287	C7.71477	592,288 592,288
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1	\$ 600,118	\$	600,119



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Buil Fu	•	Special Reserve Fund		Total lonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Other Local Revenue	\$		10 577	•	10.570
	Φ	1	\$ 49,577	\$	49,578
Total Revenues	11000 1 2000	1	49,577		49,578
Expenditures:					
Plant Services		2	49,019		49,019
Total Expenditures	F = 4 - F = 6 - 6 - 6 - 6	em esser "i	The second secon		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
, sear Exportation			49,019	*****	49,019
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		1	558		559
Net Change in Fund Balances		1	558		559
Fund Balances, July 1		•	591,729		591,729
Fund Balances, June 30	\$	1	\$ 592,287	\$	592,288

CHARTER SCHOOL FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

D	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Total Revenues	\$	\$ -	\$
Expenditures: Total Expenditures			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	Same State of the		
Net Change in Fund Balance		i.e.	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$	\$	\$ _

Variance

CHILD DEVELOPMENT FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 171,260 9,375 180,635	\$ 174,126 2,127 176,253	\$ 2,866 (7,248) (4,382)
Expenditures: Instruction Instruction - Related Services	157,974 7,661	153,752 7,501	4,222 160
Debt Service: Principal Total Expenditures	15,000 180,635	15,000 176,253	4,382
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance	*	×	-
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$	\$	\$ _

CAFETERIA FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	3 =	Actual	P	ariance Positive egative)
Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 555,076 57,736 704,587 1,317,399	\$	611,937 54,152 706,596 1,372,685	\$	56,861 (3,584) 2,009 55,286
Expenditures: Pupil Services General Administration Plant Services Total Expenditures	1,389,669 55,934 23,774 1,469,377		1,278,241 54,539 28,742 1,361,522		111,428 1,395 (4,968) 107,855
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(151,978)		11,163		163,141
Net Change in Fund Balance	(151,978)		11,163		163,141
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 787,911 635,933	\$	787,911 799,074	\$	163,141

DEFERRED MAINTENANCE FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 194,921 15,000 209,921	\$ 181,663 8,212 189,875	\$ (13,258) (6,788) (20,046)	
Expenditures: Plant Services Total Expenditures	935,973 935,973	397,973 397,973	538,000 538,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(726,052)	(208,098)	517,954	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	199,143 199,143	199,143 199,143		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(526,909)	(8,955)	517,954	
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	570,437 \$ 43,528	570,437 \$ 561,482	\$ 517,954	

SPECIAL RESERVE FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Development	Final Budget	Ac	tual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 20,500 20,500		20,086 20,086	\$ (414) (414)
Expenditures: Total Expenditures		## 05 00 #:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	20,500	0	20,086	(414)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	500,000 500,000		500,000 500,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	520,500) :	520,086	(414)
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	529,570 \$ 1,050,070		529,570 049,656	\$ (414)

BOND INTEREST AND REDEMPTION FUND DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other State Revenue	\$ 15,705	\$ 15,984	\$ 279
Other Local Revenue	1,000,939	1,009,205	8,266
Total Revenues	1,016,644	1,025,189	8,545
Expenditures:			
Debt Service:			
Principal	365,000	365,000	
Interest	640,983	620,923	20,060
Total Expenditures	1,005,983	985,923	20,060
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	10,661	39,266	28,605
Net Change in Fund Balance	10,661	39,266	28,605
Fund Balance, July 1	1,061,790	1,061,790	-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,072,451	\$ 1,101,056	\$ 28,605

BUILDING FUND CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 	\$1 1	\$ 1	
Expenditures: Total Expenditures		-	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	•	1	1	
Net Change in Fund Balance	21	1	1	
Fund Balance, July 1 Fund Balance, June 30	\$	\$1	\$	

SPECIAL RESERVE FUND FOR CAPITAL OUTLAY PROJECTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	\$ 25,000	\$ 49,577	\$ 24,577
	25,000	49,577	24,577
Expenditures: Plant Services Total Expenditures	143,629	49,019	94,610
	143,629	49,019	94,610
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(118,629)	558	119,187
Net Change in Fund Balance	(118,629)	558	119,187
Fund Balance, July 1	591,729	591,729	\$
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 473,100	\$ 592,287	

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION JUNE 30, 2008

During the fiscal year, the District has eight elementary schools with grades kindergarten through eighth.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

<u>Name</u>	Office	Term Expires
Janet Zilli	President	2008
Kathleen Meissner	Clerk	2008
Rob Buchanan	Member	2010
Robert Hatch	Member	2010
Dr. James Peterson	Member	2010

<u>ADMINISTRATION</u>

Sharon McHolland, Ed. D. District Superintendent

Kenneth Parker, Ed. D. Associate Superintendent, Instructional Services

Marysia Ochej Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Jan Yanagisako Assistant Superintendent, Personnel

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ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
Elementary		
Kindergarten	423.66	424.24
Grades one through three	1,326.21	1,327.07
Grades four through six	1,534.17	1,537.99
Grades seven and eight	1,046.50	1,047.53
Special education	85.03	84.44
Home or hospital	1.20	
Elementary totals	4,416.77	_4,422.17

Supplemental Instructional Hours	Hours of Attendance
Elementary	54,688

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

Grade Level	1982-83 Actual Minutes	1986-87 Minutes Requirement	2007-2008 Actual Minutes	Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	31,500	36,000	36,200	181	In compliance
Grade 1	42,875	50,400	50,740	181	In compliance
Grade 2	42,875	50,400	50,740	181	In compliance
Grade 3	42,875	50,400	50,740	181	In compliance
Grade 4	54,425	54,000	54,643	181	In compliance
Grade 5	54,425	54,000	54,643	181	In compliance
Grade 6	54,425	54,000	54,643	181	In compliance
Grade 7	54,425	54,000	56,809	181	In compliance
Grade 8	54,425	54,000	57,820	181	In compliance

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 minutes requirement, whichever is greater by Education Code Section 46201.

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentive for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206.

SCHEDULE OF EXCESS SICK LEAVE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

The following disclosure is made for excess sick leave as the term is defined in subdivision (c) of Education Code Section 22170.5:

Titles of Employees Exhibiting Excess Sick Leave	Is Excess Sick Leave Authorized By Employee's Contract?	Was Excess Sick Leave Found To Be Accrued For Employee?	Contract Authorizing Excess Sick Leave	Is Excess Sick Leave Authorized In Teachers' Contract?
Superintendent	No	N/A	N/A	N/A
Principal	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

General Fund	(Budget) 2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenues and other financial sources	\$ 33,037,759	\$ 35,771,874	\$ 35,375,695	\$ 31,739,735
Expenditures	32,959,721	34,829,472	33,438,867	31,768,208
Other uses and transfers out	199,433	699,143	1,053,066	1,043,644
Total outgo	33,159,154	35,528,615	34,491,933	32,811,852
Change in fund balance	(121,395)	243,259	883,762	(1,072,117)
Ending fund balance	\$ 4,275,062	\$_4,396,457	<u>\$ 4,153,198</u>	\$ 3,269,436
Available reserves	\$ 3,023,803	\$_3,167,453	\$ 4,102,469	\$ 3,218,707
Designated for economic uncertainties	\$ 994,775	\$ 1,065,858	<u>\$ 1,034,685</u>	\$ 960,081
Undesignated fund balance	\$ 25,314	\$ 25,314	\$ 219,204	\$ 53,664
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo	9.1%	8.9%	11.9%	9.8%
Total long-term debt	\$ 14,082,725	\$ 14,546,511	\$ 15,016,379	\$ 15,413,198
Average daily attendance at P-2	4,232	4,417	4,556	4,560

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past fiscal years' data along with current fiscal year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The General Fund balance has increased by \$1,127,021 over the past two fiscal years. The fiscal year 2008-09 budget projects a decrease of \$121,395. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserve of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred an operating surplus in two of the past three fiscal years, and anticipates a deficit during the 2008-09 fiscal year. Total long-term debt has decreased by \$866,687 over the past two fiscal years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 143 over the past two fiscal years. A decrease of 185 ADA is anticipated during the fiscal year 2008-09.

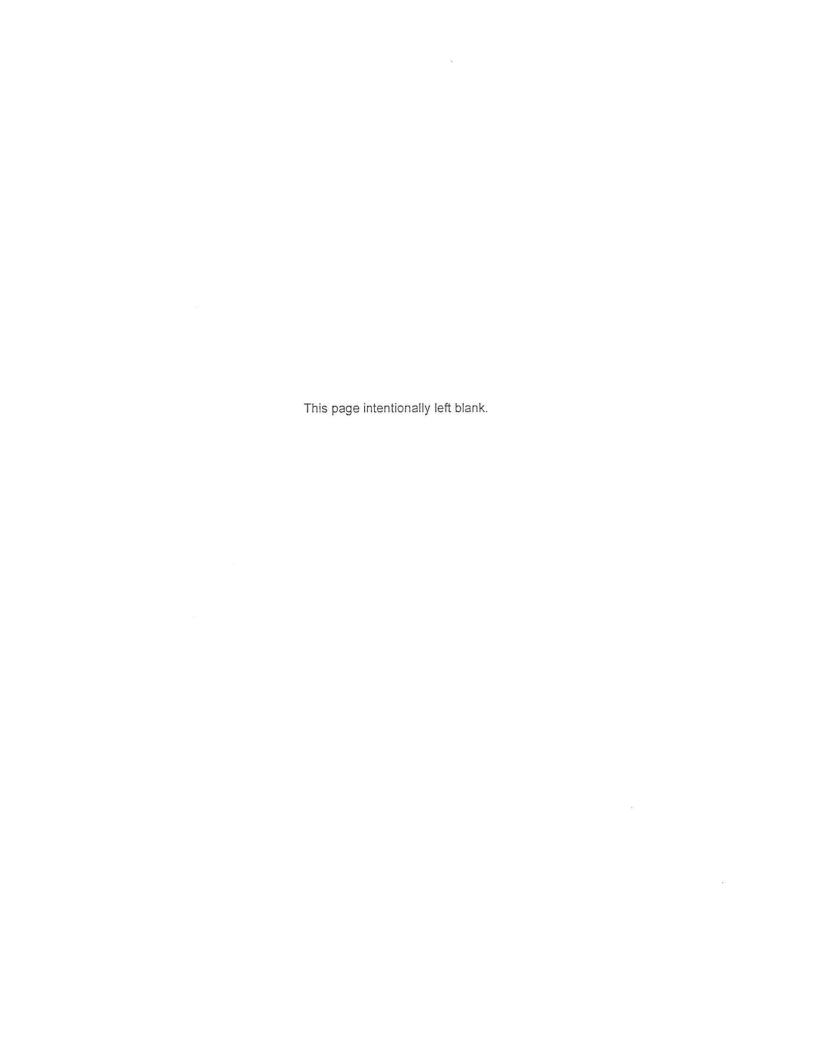
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

	Federal		
Federal Grantor/Pass Through	Catalog	Fed	deral
Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Number	Exper	ditures
		-	
Federal Programs:			
U.S. Department of Education:			
Passed through the California			
Department of Education:			
Title I	84.010	\$ 2	32,770
Title V	84.298	#0 0 -	4,597
Safe and Drug Free Schools			1,001
and Communities	84.186		18,465
Special Education	84.027		77,997
English Language Acquisition	84.365		41,576
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367		15,241
Enhancing Education Through	7.23.7.7.1		.0,2
Technology	84.318		9,779
Charter School Grant	84.282	1	53,294
			30,20
Total U.S. Department of Education		1,2	53,719
110.0			
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Passed through the California			
Department of Education:			
National School Lunch	10.555	53	37,780
National School Breakfast	10.553		74,157
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		61	11,937
Total expenditures of federal awards		\$ 1,86	35,656

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2008

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Orcutt Union School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.



RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2008

	General Fund		Deferred Maintenance Fund		Cafeteria Fund	
June 30, 2008, Annual Financial and Budget Report Fund Balances	\$	4,396,457	\$	561,482	\$	802,390
Overstatement of cash in bank						(3,316)
June 30, 2008, Audited Financial Statements Fund Balances	\$	4,396,457	\$	561,482	\$	799,074

	Long-Term Debt
June 30, 2008 Annual Financial and Budget Report Total Liabilities	\$ 14,546,511
June 30, 2008, Audited Financial Statements Long-Term Debt	\$ 14,546,511

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds and the total liabilities as reported on the annual financial and budget report to the audited financial statements.

Capital Facilities Fund	Devel	nild opment und	(Capital Projects) Special Reserve Fund	lding und	Bond nterest and Redemption Fund	 (Special Revenue) Special Reserve Fund
\$ 2,460,870	\$		\$ 592,287	\$ 1	\$ 1,101,056	\$ 1,049,656
\$ 2,460,870	\$	-	\$ 592,287	\$ 1_	\$ 1,101,056	\$ 1,049,656

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AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Orcutt Union School District Orcutt, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orcutt Union School District (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Orcutt Union School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2008. In our report, our opinion was qualified because of the lack of certain internal control procedures and supporting records for the fiduciary fund. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the District's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the District's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we noted other matters involving the internal control over financial reporting that we described in the Findings and Recommendations Section of this report. We did not audit Orcutt Union School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, State Controller's Office, Department of Finance, and the Department of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MOSS, LEVY & HARTHZEIM LLP

Moss, Reny & Spraguen Ray



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AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Orcutt Union School District Orcutt, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orcutt Union School District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Orcutt Union School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2008. In our report, our opinion was qualified because of the lack of certain internal control procedures and supporting records for the fiduciary fund. Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial and compliance audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the Education Audit Appeals Panel's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The District's management is responsible for the District's compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Description	Procedures in Panel's <u>Audit Guide</u>	Procedures Performed
Attendance accounting:		
Attendance reporting	8	Yes
Kindergarten continuation	3	Yes
Independent study	23	No (see next page)
Continuation education	10	Not applicable
Adult education	9 6	Not applicable
Regional occupational centers/programs	6	Not applicable
Incentive for longer instructional day:		P
School districts	6	Yes
County offices of education	3	Not applicable
Gann limit calculation	1	Yes
Early retirement incentive program	4	Not applicable
Community day schools	9 7	Not applicable
Morgan-Hart class size reduction	7	Not applicable

	Procedures	
	in Panel's	Procedures
Description	Audit Guide	Performed
		3.63 (6.97)
Mathematics and Reading Professional Development		Not applicable
Classroom teacher salaries	1	Yes
Class size reduction:		0.8
General requirements	7	Yes
Option one classes	3	Yes
Option two classes	4	Not applicable
Only one school serving K-3	4	Not applicable
Instructional materials fund:		
General requirements	12	Yes
K-8	1	Yes
9-12	1	Not applicable
Office of Criminal Justice Planning	77 <u>2</u> 2	Not applicable
Ratios of administrative employees to teachers	1	Yes
School construction funds:		
School district bonds	3	Yes
State school facilities funds	1	Not applicable
Proposition 20 lottery funds (Cardenas Textbook Act		35.000
Of 2000)	2	Yes
California school age families education		
(Cal-Safe) program	3	Not applicable
State lottery funds (California State Lottery Act of 198		Yes
School accountability report card	3	Yes
Contemporaneous records of attendance, for charter		
schools	1	Not applicable
Nonclassroom-based instruction independent study,	27.	
for charter schools	15	Not applicable
Mode of instruction, for charter schools	1	Not applicable
Determination of funding for nonclassroom-based		and the control form from the literature and the control form
instruction, for charter schools	3	Not applicable
Annual instructional minutes – classroom based,		,
for charter schools	3	Not applicable
Excess sick leave	3	Yes
Notice to elect California State Teachers' Retirement	1. -	1.00
System (CalSTRS) membership	1	Yes
After school education and safety program:	3	100
	4	Not applicable
General requirements	4	Not applicable
After school	5	Not applicable Not applicable
Before school	5	Not applicable

We did not perform testing for independent study because the independent study ADA was under the level which requires testing.

Based on our audit, we found that, for the items tested, the Orcutt Union School District complied with the State laws and regulations referred to above, except as described in the Findings and Recommendations Section of this report. We did not audit Orcutt Union School District's responses, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them. Further, based on our examination, for the items not tested, nothing came to our attention to indicate that the Orcutt Union School District had not complied with the State laws and regulations.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, State Controller's Office, Department of Finance, and Department of Education, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MOSS, LEVY & HARTHZEIM LLP Moss, Lenz & Hartzheim LE

December 8, 2008

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AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Trustees Orcutt Union School District Orcutt, California

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Orcutt Union School District with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. Orcutt Union School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of audit findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Orcutt Union School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Orcutt Union School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Orcutt Union School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide legal determination on the Orcutt Union School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Orcutt Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the Orcutt Union School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Orcutt Union School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Orcutt Union School District's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the District's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, State Controller's Office, Department of Finance, Department of Education, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

MOSS, LEVY & HARTHZEIM LLP

Moss, Leny & Spectopeine REP

December 8, 2008





Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Qualified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes No X Yes None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes _X_ No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	YesX No YesX None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133, Section .510 (a)	YesX No
Identification of major programs	
CFDA Number (s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.027	Special Education
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee:	X_Yes No
State Awards	
Internal control over state programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes _X No _X Yes None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Qualified

Section II - Financial Statements Findings

FINDING 2008-1 PAYROLL 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed one instance of an employee's personnel action form not retained.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should retain a copy of the personnel action form.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

A copy of the personnel action form is retained for each employee in the Payroll Office and the original personnel action form is retained in the Human Resources Department.

FINDING 2008-2 GENERAL RECEIPTS – FUNDRAISING-YEARBOOK SALES LAKEVIEW 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed instances of insufficient documentation. The documentation consists of an "Audit Requirement form" which details money collected. There is no documentation of the number of items, tickets, etc., sold.

RECOMMENDATION:

Appropriate documentation for fundraising functions should include a reconciliation of items sold to monies collected.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The District is revising sample forms for school sites to use when reconciling items sold to monies collected for fundraising activities and will provide training to school site personnel on acceptable documentation of items sold.

FINDING 2008-3 FUNDRAISING - ASB CARD SALES ORCUTT JUNIOR HIGH 30000

FINDING:

Records concerning ASB Card Sales were incomplete. We were unable to determine and reconcile the number of cards sold to money collected.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should improve the internal control structure concerning the student body fundraising activities.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The District has created sample forms for school site use when reconciling items sold to monies collected for fundraising activities. School site ASB advisors have attended training sponsored by FCMAT on Associated Student Body activities.

FINDING 2008-4 CAFETERIA RECEIPTS 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed that employees with cash collection duties also have the ability to void transactions within mealtime.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should improve the internal control structure concerning the cafeteria receipts activities.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The Child Nutrition Accounting Clerk will run a report and reconciliation on all voided transactions on a monthly basis.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no Federal award findings and questioned costs.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

FINDING 2008-5 ATTENDANCE 10000

CRITERIA:

The attendance system (IST) used at the beginning of month five was not approved by the California Department of Education.

QUESTIONED COSTS:

\$0

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should have an attendance system approved by the State prior to implementing a new system.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The District's attendance system (IST) was officially approved by the California Department of Education on May 19, 2008.

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2008

FINDING 2008-6 ATTENDANCE ALICE SHAW 10000

CRITERIA:

Monthly summaries should reconcile to the data origination documentation.

CONDITION:

Site attendance from months one to four could not be verified to the origination documentation.

EFFECT:

Unknown

CAUSE:

Daily attendance was manually recorded daily by each teacher during the first four attendance months. Upon having the ability to input daily attendance into the new computerized attendance system (IST), the site input months one through four using the manually recorded daily attendance forms. The site later disposed of the original documentation for the first four months. IST was technically not fully operational until attendance month five; therefore, the manual attendance forms take precedence during the first four attendance months as original documentation. As a result, the inputted data could not be verified.

QUESTIONED COSTS:

Unknown. If all ADA was disallowed for the first four months for Alice Shaw (with the assumption of zero ADA): (592.20 @ \$5,542.65 per ADA)(4MO/10MO) equals \$1,312,943.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should retain all original attendance documentation.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

Teachers at Alice Shaw School verified their manual input before office personnel entered the information into the IST attendance system. Alice Shaw School personnel checked the absences entered against those that were done manually before disposing of the manual forms, thus school personnel feel confident that the data entry was done correctly. Because they were sure of the input for those first four months, and because month five and beyond were kept electronically, school personnel did not think the manual forms needed to be kept and without checking with district administration, disposed of the manual forms.

As Alice Shaw School has been accurate from years past, the district feels that their electronic input is accurate. Previous years ADA and Enrollment for Alice Shaw School as compared to the 2007/08 school year is as follows:

Year	Enrollment	ADA	Percent of Enrollment to ADA
2003/04	595	571.68	96.10
2004/05	577	553.19	95.87
2005/06	603	576.69	95.64
2006/07	601	574.66	95.62
2007/08	609	582.57	95.66

With the above information being within acceptable parameters from year to year, and correct reports generated by the IST system, the District's administration has confidence that the ADA reported for Alice Shaw School is accurate.

The District's attendance system (IST) has now been fully implemented and attendance is being tracked through the attendance system and no longer completed manually. The District continues to provide training and assistance to all personnel involved in attendance. However, the District has again instructed all departments not to dispose of original documentation unless expressly authorized by administrative personnel.

FINDING 2008-7 ATTENDANCE LAKEVIEW JUNIOR HIGH 10000

CRITERIA:

Monthly summaries should reconcile to the data origination documentation.

CONDITION:

One instance where the monthly summary had a student marked absent, but all period teachers had the student present for the same day.

EFFECT:

None. We expanded our detailed testing and found no other inconsistencies and the above finding appears to have been an isolated instance.

CAUSE:

Upon conversation with District staff, the student was ill the previous day and it appeared that the site had erroneously marked the student absent an additional day in the system.

QUESTIONED COSTS:

\$0

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should take additional care in reconciling monthly attendance summaries to teacher attendance sheets.

DISTRICT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN:

The District is cautious and thorough in reconciling monthly attendance summaries to teacher attendance sheets. The District provides training to personnel involved with attendance on the importance of accurate attendance reporting.

ORCUTT UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR FISCAL YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2008

Section II - Financial Statements Findings

FINDING 2007-1 INVENTORY 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed that the warehouse inventory list was not retained.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should retain a copy of the fiscal year end inventory list.

STATUS:

Implemented

FINDING 2007-2 GENERAL RECEIPTS – FUNDRAISING JOE NIGHTENGALE 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed one instance of insufficient documentation. The documentation consists of an "Audit Requirement form" which details money collected. There is no documentation of items sold.

RECOMMENDATION:

Appropriate documentation for fundraising functions should include a reconciliation of items sold to monies collected.

STATUS:

Implemented

FINDING 2007-3 CAFETERIA RECEIPTS 30000

FINDING:

Testing of internal controls revealed daily deposits occasionally differ from the expected counts generated from "Meal Time". Per conversation with cafeteria staff, due to the volume of students being served at one time, cash over/short results from either forgetting to collect money or not returning the appropriate amount of change due.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should improve the internal control structure concerning the cafeteria receipts activities.

STATUS

Not Implemented. See current fiscal year finding 2008-4.

FINDING 2007-4 STUDENT BODY RECEIPTS 30000

FINDING:

Records concerning student body fundraising activities were incomplete at both student bodies.

RECOMMENDATION:

The District should improve the internal control structure concerning the student body fundraising activities.

STATUS:

Not Implemented. See current fiscal year finding 2008-5.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no Federal award findings and questioned costs.

a a			
2			

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no State award findings and questioned costs.

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